This sample document is the work product of a coalition of attorneys who specialize in venture capital financings, working under the auspices of the NVCA. This document is intended to serve as a starting point only and should be tailored to meet your specific requirements. This document should not be construed as legal advice for any particular facts or circumstances. Note that this sample presents an array of (often mutually exclusive) options with respect to particular deal provisions.

SERIES A PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

Preliminary Note

The Stock Purchase Agreement sets forth the basic terms of the purchase and sale of the preferred stock to the investors (such as the purchase price, closing date, conditions to closing) and identifies the other financing documents. Generally this agreement does <u>not</u> set forth either (1) the characteristics of the stock being sold (which are defined in the Certificate of Incorporation) or (2) the relationship among the parties after the closing, such as registration rights, rights of first refusal and co-sale, voting arrangements (these matters often implicate other persons than just the Company and the investors in this round of financing, and are usually embodied in separate agreements to which those others persons are parties, or in some cases by the Certificate of Incorporation). The main items of negotiation in the Stock Purchase Agreement are therefore the price and number of shares being sold, and the representations and warranties that the Company, and sometimes the Founders as well, must make to the investors.

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ADDENDUM AND WARRA	NTIES	PURCHASE AGREEMENT: SAMPLE FOUNDER REPRESENTATIONS S A PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT
made as of the "Company"), together the "	[] day of the investor Purchasers	PREFERRED STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this " Agreement "), is [, 20] by and among [], a Delaware corporation (the s listed on <u>EXHIBIT</u> attached to this Agreement (each a " Purchaser " and ") [and the persons listed as "Founders" on the signature pages to this ler" and together the " Founders ")].
The par	rties hereby	agree as follows:
1.	Purchase a	nd Sale of Preferred Stock.
	1.1 <u>Sa</u>	le and Issuance of Preferred Stock.
of Delaware on	(a) or before the	The Company shall adopt and file with the Secretary of State of the State ne Initial Closing ² (as defined below) the Amended and Restated Certificate of
1 See footnote 2	21 for a disc	cussion of the pros and cons of including this as a specified exhibit

² If only one closing is contemplated, references to "Initial Closing," "each Closing," "such Closing" etc. should be modified.

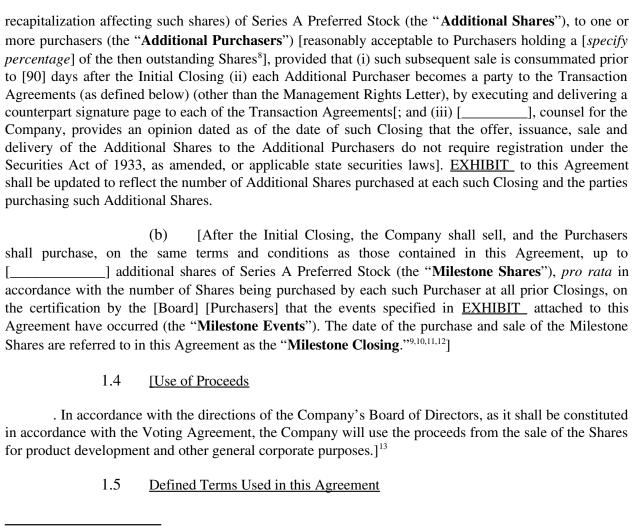
(continued)

Incorporation in the form of **EXHIBIT** attached to this Agreement (the "**Restated Certificate**").³

(b) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each Purchaser agrees to purchase at the Closing and the Company agrees to sell and issue to each Purchaser at the Closing that number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, \$[] par value per share (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), set forth opposite each Purchaser's name on EXHIBIT , at a purchase price of \$[] per share. The shares of Series A Preferred Stock issued to the Purchasers pursuant to this Agreement (including any shares issued at the Initial Closing and any [Milestone Shares or] Additional Shares, as defined below) shall be referred to in this Agreement as the "Shares."
1.2 <u>Closing; Delivery</u> .
(a) The initial purchase and sale of the Shares shall take place remotely via the exchange of documents and signatures, at [] [_].m., on [
(b) At each Closing, the Company shall deliver to each Purchaser a certificate representing the Shares being purchased ⁵ by such Purchaser at such Closing against payment of the purchase price therefor by check payable to the Company, by wire transfer to a bank account designated by the Company, by cancellation or conversion of indebtedness of the Company to Purchaser[, including interest ⁶], or by any combination of such methods.
1.3 <u>Sale of Additional Shares of Preferred Stock.</u>
(a) After the Initial Closing, the Company may sell, on the same terms and conditions as those contained in this Agreement ⁷ , up to [] additional shares (subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of any stock dividend, stock split, combination or similar
3 Sometimes only a Certificate of Amendment is required.
4 If the Agreement is signed prior to the Closing, this provision gives the parties flexibility to change the closing date as contingencies arise. As a practical matter, however, the Agreement is usually signed on the date of the Closing. This means that, until the Closing, everyone has an opportunity to back out of the deal.
5 Note that the NVCA documents have been updated to provide for the possibility of uncertificated shares as well; alternative language is provided where applicable in all of the model documents.

6 If some or all of the Purchasers will be converting previously issued notes to Shares, consider paying the interest in cash, if the terms of the notes permit this, to avoid last-minute re-computations if the closing is delayed. Note that cancellation of interest in return for stock may be a taxable event in the amount of the interest cancelled. Accordingly, some of the Purchasers may require payment of interest in cash to avoid imputation of income without the corresponding payment of cash to pay the tax.

(continued)



7 The Company will often try to negotiate a "cushion" in the negotiated limit of the number of preferred shares in order to permit it to issue additional shares of preferred stock in transactions outside the financing, *e.g.*, warrants for preferred stock issued in connection with an equipment financing. The language "on the same terms and conditions as those contained in this Agreement" is flexible enough to permit this. If the investors want to limit the number of preferred shares to be issued to those preferred shares issued in the financing, the language "pursuant to this Agreement" should be substituted.

8 The Company may want to limit this approval right to the larger Purchasers. As an alternative, the Agreement may specify that Additional Purchasers must be approved by the Board of Directors, including the directors elected by the Series A Preferred Stockholders.

9 Consider whether the obligations of each Purchaser at a Milestone Closing are conditioned on (i) the representations and warranties remaining true (or materially so) as of such Milestone Closing, (ii) each other Purchaser purchasing shares at the Milestone Closing (*i.e.*, if one Purchaser breaches then no others are obligated), and (iii) any other conditions. In a tranched milestone funding, investors should confirm with their accountants prior to the first closing that the initial and later tranches will not be treated as separate instruments for purposes of ASC 480 based on the specific structure of the transaction.

(continued)

. In addition to the terms defined above, the following terms used in this Agreement shall be construed to have the meanings set forth or referenced below.

(a) "Affiliate" means, with respect to any specified Person, any other Person who, directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such Person, including, without limitation, any general partner, managing member, officer, director or trustee of such Person, or any venture capital fund or registered investment company now or hereafter existing that is controlled by one or more general partners, managing members or investment advisers of, or shares the same management company or investment adviser with, such Person.

(b) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

10 For certain industries, such as life science transactions, the Stock Purchase Agreement will frequently include one or more "Milestone Closings". The failure to purchase Shares in a Milestone Closing may result in a penalty to any investor that has breached its obligations. A typical penalty provision in the Purchase Agreement (reinforced by the effecting provision in the Restated Certificate) would read as follows and would be inserted immediately after Section 1.3(b):"At the Milestone Closing, if any Purchaser fails to purchase the number of Milestone Shares that such Purchaser is obligated to purchase pursuant to Subsection 1.3(c) hereof ("Defaulting Purchaser"), then each share of Series A Preferred Stock held immediately prior to the Milestone Closing by such Milestone Closing Defaulting Purchaser or any of its Affiliates shall automatically and without further action on the part of such Milestone Defaulting Purchaser or any of its Affiliates be converted, effective upon, and subject to and concurrently with the consummation of the Milestone Closing, into fully-paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock at the rate of [insert conversion ratio] (__) shares of Series A Preferred Stock to one (1) share of Common Stock, all pursuant to, and as further provided in, Section 5A.1 of Part B Article Fourth of the Restated Certificate (a "Special Mandatory Conversion)."

When the agreed upon conversion rate penalty results in a reduction in the number of shares on an as-converted basis (e.g. each ten shares of Preferred Stock converts into one share of Common Stock), the investors who anticipate breaching their obligation have an incentive to convert voluntarily in advance of this mandatory punitive conversion taking affect. In order to avoid this, the following can be added to this conversion provision:

"Purchaser hereby covenants and agrees that none of such Purchaser and its Affiliates shall exercise any right that such Purchaser or such Affiliate, as the case may be, may have under the Company's Restated Certificate to voluntarily convert any shares of Series A Preferred Stock owned or held by such Purchaser or such Affiliate, as the case may be, into shares of Common Stock at any time during the period commencing on the date of this Agreement and ending on the earlier of the business day immediately following the date of the Milestone Closing and the date of the termination of such Purchaser's rights and obligations under <u>Subsection 1.3(b)</u> hereof."

11 If desired, a provision can be added requiring or enabling a subgroup of Purchasers to backstop a Milestone Closing in the event of a default by another Purchaser, giving the Company and the Purchasers comfort that the Company will receive the funds necessary for the Closing.

12 For life science transactions, when there is a Milestone Closing and certain Purchasers have breached their obligation to Purchase their commitment, there is frequently an undersubscription provision. The following is a typical undersubscription provision: "If any Purchaser fails to purchase its respective Milestone Shares as obligated pursuant to Section 1.3(b), (in each case, a "Breaching Purchaser"), then each other Purchaser that has complied with its obligations to purchase Milestone Shares (each, a "Complying Purchaser") as of such date and has not been subject to a "Special Mandatory Conversion" shall have an option (and the Company shall notify each such Purchaser of such option), exercisable by delivering written notice to the Company within fifteen days after receipt

(continued)

- (c) "Company Intellectual Property" means all patents, patent applications¹⁴, registered and unregistered trademarks, trademark applications, registered and unregistered service marks, service mark applications, tradenames, copyrights, trade secrets, domain names, [mask works,] information and proprietary rights and processes, similar or other intellectual property rights, subject matter of any of the foregoing, tangible embodiments of any of the foregoing, licenses in, to and under any of the foregoing, and any and all such cases [that are owned or used by] [as are necessary to] the Company in the conduct of the Company's business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted.
- (d) "**Indemnification Agreement**" means the agreement between the Company and the director [and Purchaser Affiliates]¹⁵ designated by any Purchaser entitled to designate a member of the Board of Directors pursuant to the Voting Agreement, dated as of the date of the Initial Closing, in the form of <u>EXHIBIT</u> attached to this Agreement.
- (e) "Investors' Rights Agreement" means the agreement among the Company and the Purchasers [and certain other stockholders of the Company] dated as of the date of the Initial Closing, in the form of <u>EXHIBIT</u> attached to this Agreement.

of the Company's notice regarding the Breaching Purchaser, to purchase, and the Company shall sell to such Purchaser, up to its pro rata percentage (based on the number of shares of Common Stock issued or issuable upon conversion of Shares held by held by such Complying Purchaser compared to the total number of shares of Common Stock issued or issuable upon conversion of Shares held by held by all Complying Purchasers) of the Milestone Shares that the Breaching Purchaser failed to purchase (such shares being referred to herein as "Optional Shares", and each Complying Purchaser electing to purchase being referred to herein as a "Participating Purchaser"), which notice shall also indicate the maximum number of Milestone Shares, if any, such Participating Purchaser would purchase in excess of such Participating Purchaser's pro rata percentage (the "Excess Amount"). If one or more such Complying Purchaser declines to exercise its option to purchase Optional Shares, or elects to purchase less than such Complying Purchaser's pro rata percentage of the Optional Shares, then such rejected Milestone Shares shall automatically be deemed to be accepted by the Participating Purchasers who specified an Excess Amount in their respective notices delivered to the Company, allocated among such Participating Purchasers in proportion to their respective pro rata percentages; provided, that in no event shall an amount greater than a Participating Purchaser's Excess Amount be allocated to such Participating Purchaser. The procedure set forth in the preceding sentence shall be employed on an iterative basis until the entire Excess Amount of each Participating Purchaser has been satisfied or until all of the Optional Shares shall have been allocated."

- 13 For life science transactions, the use of proceeds section is occasionally more specific and may include the "discovery, research and pre-clinical development" of a particular therapeutic.
- 14 For life science transactions, it is common to see greater detail with respect to patent rights including the following: "patent disclosures and all related continuation, continuation-in-part, divisional, reissue, reexamination, utility model, renewals, extensions, certificate of invention and design patents, patent applications, registrations and applications for registrations."
- 15 See Model Indemnification Agreement for discussion of the issue of expanding coverage to include not just VC designee director, but also the fund(s) making the investment.

(continued)

- (f) "**Key Employee**" means any executive-level employee (including division director and vice president-level positions) as well as any employee or consultant who either alone or in concert with others develops, invents, programs or designs any Company Intellectual Property.¹⁶
- (g) "Knowledge" including the phrase "to the Company's knowledge" shall mean the actual knowledge [after reasonable investigation] of the following officers: [specify names].¹⁷
- (h) "Management Rights Letter" means the agreement between the Company and [Purchaser], dated as of the date of the Initial Closing, in the form of <u>EXHIBIT</u> attached to this Agreement.
- (i) "Material Adverse Effect" means a material adverse effect on the business, assets (including intangible assets), liabilities, financial condition, property, prospects¹⁸ or results of operations of the Company.
- (j) "**Person**" means any individual, corporation, partnership, trust, limited liability company, association or other entity.
- (k) "**Purchaser**" means each of the Purchasers who is initially a party to this Agreement and any Additional Purchaser who becomes a party to this Agreement at a subsequent Closing under Subsection 1.2(b).
- (l) "**Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement**" means the agreement among the Company, the Purchasers, and certain other stockholders of the Company, dated as of the date of the Initial Closing, in the form of <u>Exhibit</u> attached to this Agreement.
 - (m) "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the

16 In a Series A round at a high-tech start-up, it is likely that the only key employees in addition to management, if any, are those who are responsible for developing the Company's key intellectual property assets. It may be simpler for these early-stage companies to list the Key Employees by name. In later rounds, it may be appropriate to include others, *e.g.*, important salespeople or consultants and define Key Employees by function (*e.g.*, division director).

17 An important point of negotiation is often whether the Company will represent that a given fact (a) is true or (b) is true to the Company's knowledge. Alternative (a) requires the Company to bear the entire risk of the truth or falsity of the represented fact, regardless whether the Company knew (or could have known) at the time of the representation whether or not the fact was true. Alternative (b) is preferable from the Company's standpoint, since it holds the Company responsible only for facts of which it is actually aware.

18 Since the prospects of high-tech start-up companies are by definition highly uncertain, the Company may resist the inclusion of the word "prospects" on the grounds that investors in a Series A financing are in the business of shouldering that risk.

(continued)

rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

- (n) "Shares" means the shares of Series A Preferred Stock issued at the Initial Closing and any [Milestone Shares or] Additional Shares issued at a subsequent Closing under Subsection 1.2(b).
- (o) "**Transaction Agreements**" means this Agreement, the Investors' Rights Agreement, the Management Rights Letter, the Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement, the Voting Agreement and [list any other agreements, instruments or documents entered into in connection with this Agreement].
- (p) "**Voting Agreement**" means the agreement among the Company, the Purchasers and certain other stockholders of the Company, dated as of the date of the Initial Closing, in the form of <u>EXHIBIT</u> attached to this Agreement.

2. Representations and Warranties of the Company

.¹⁹ The Company hereby represents and warrants to each Purchaser that, except as set forth on the Disclosure Schedule attached as EXHIBIT to this Agreement, which exceptions shall be deemed to be part of the representations and warranties made hereunder, the following representations are true and complete as of the date of the Initial Closing, except as otherwise indicated. The Disclosure Schedule shall be arranged in sections corresponding to the numbered and lettered sections and subsections contained in this Section 2, and the disclosures in any section or subsection of the Disclosure Schedule shall qualify other sections and subsections in this Section 2 only to the extent it is readily apparent from a reading of the disclosure that such disclosure is applicable to such other sections and subsections.²⁰

19 The Voting Agreement contains representations by the Company and Purchasers relating to "bad actor" disqualifying events. If some or all of the Purchasers are not also entering into the Voting Agreement, consider adding similar representations to the Purchase Agreement in Sections 2 and 3.

20 The purpose of the Company's representations is primarily to create a mechanism to ensure full disclosure about the Company's organization, financial condition and business to the investors. The Company is required to list any deviations from the representations on a Disclosure Schedule, the preparation and review of which drives the due diligence process on both sides of the deal. For subsequent closings, changes to the Disclosure Schedule are sometimes simply referenced on the Compliance Certificate. The introductory paragraph to this Section 2 may be modified to permit an update to the Disclosure Schedule that would be reasonably acceptable to each of the Purchasers. If this modification is made, a closing condition should be added to indicate that the updated Disclosure Schedule will be delivered and that each of the Purchasers may refuse to close if the updated Disclosure Schedule is reasonably unacceptable to that Purchaser. If there is to be a Milestone Closing, specific representations and warranties to be true as of the Milestone Closing date may need to be negotiated. Some practitioners prefer to deliver the Disclosure Schedule separately, instead of as an exhibit to the Stock Purchase Agreement, so that the Disclosure Schedule will not have to be publicly filed in the event the Stock Purchase Agreement is filed as an exhibit to a public offering registration statement.

(continued)

For purposes of these representations and warranties (other than those in <u>Subsections 2.2</u>, <u>2.3</u>, <u>2.4</u>, <u>2.5</u>, and <u>2.6</u>), the term the "**Company**" shall include any subsidiaries of the Company, unless otherwise noted herein.

2.1 <u>Organization, Good Standing, Corporate Power and Qualification</u>

.²¹ The Company is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has all requisite corporate power and authority to carry on its business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted. The Company is duly qualified to transact business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the failure to so qualify would have a Material Adverse Effect.

	2.2	<u>Capita</u>	lization
	.22		
Initial	Closing, of:	(a)	The authorized capital of the Company consists, immediately prior to the
	immediately p been duly auth	orior to the	(i) [] shares of common stock, \$[] par value per Stock "), [] shares of which are issued and outstanding the Initial Closing. All of the outstanding shares of Common Stock have are fully paid and nonassessable and were issued in compliance with all state securities laws. ²³ [The Company holds no Common Stock in its
	immediately p	rior to tl	(ii) [] shares of Preferred Stock, of which [] gnated Series A Preferred Stock, none of which are issued and outstanding the Initial Closing. The rights, privileges and preferences of the Preferred n the Restated Certificate and as provided by the Delaware General
21 771			totion is to answer that having some provided by the Delaware General

22 Section 2.2 describes the Company's capital structure and can be stated either immediately prior to or upon the Initial Closing of the financing. This description details any outstanding rights or privileges with respect to the Company's securities. In later round financings, this description would also list any preemptive rights, co-sale rights and rights of first refusal granted to investors in prior rounds. In later round financings, consider adding representations that there have been no conversions of previously-issued preferred stock to common stock, the number of shares that would be outstanding on an asconverted-to-common stock basis and the current conversion ratios of each series of preferred stock.

²¹ The purpose of this representation is to ensure that basic corporate maintenance has been properly carried out by the Company. Note that the Company is required to disclose failure to qualify in other jurisdictions where it does business only if failure to do so could have a "Material Adverse Effect"; the purpose of this language is to eliminate the time and expense of doing a state-by-state analysis to determine whether the Company should technically be qualified. If the Company has material connections to states in which it is not qualified, these states must be investigated by counsel to determine whether qualification is necessary and whether there are potential adverse effects of having failed to qualify.

(continued)

issuance to officers, directors, employees and consultants of the Company pursuant to its [*Plan Year*] Stock [Option] Plan duly adopted by the Board of Directors and approved by the Company stockholders (the "**Stock Plan**"). Of such reserved shares of Common Stock, [______] shares have been issued

The Company has reserved [_____] shares of Common Stock for

Corporation Law. [The Company holds no Preferred Stock in its treasury.]

pursuant to restricted stock purchase agreements, options to purchase [] shares have been granted and are currently outstanding, and [] shares of Common Stock remain available for issuance to officers, directors, employees and consultants pursuant to the Stock Plan. The Company has furnished to the Purchasers complete and accurate copies of the Stock Plan and forms of agreements used thereunder.
(c) Subsection 2.2(b) of the Disclosure Schedule sets forth the capitalization of the Company immediately following the Initial Closing including the number of shares of the following: (i) issued and outstanding Common Stock, including, with respect to restricted Common Stock, vesting schedule and repurchase price; (ii) granted stock options, including vesting schedule and exercise price; (iii) shares of Common Stock reserved for future award grants under the Stock Plan; (iv) each series of Preferred Stock; and (v) warrants or stock purchase rights, if any. Except for (A) the conversion privileges of the Shares to be issued under this Agreement, (B) the rights provided in Section 4 of the Investors' Rights Agreement, and (C) the securities and rights described in Subsection 2.2(a)(ii) of this Agreement and Subsection 2.2(b) of the Disclosure Schedule, there are no outstanding options, warrants, rights (including conversion or preemptive rights and rights of first refusal or similar rights) or agreements, orally or in writing, to purchase or acquire from the Company any shares of Common Stock or Series A Preferred Stock, or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock or Series A Preferred Stock. All outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock and all shares of the Company's Common Stock underlying outstanding options are subject to (i) a right of first refusal in favor of the Company upon any proposed transfer (other than transfers for estate planning purposes); and (ii) a lock-up or market standoff agreement of not less than one hundred eighty (180) days following the Company's initial public offering pursuant to a registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act.
(d) None of the Company's stock purchase agreements or stock option documents contains a provision for acceleration of vesting (or lapse of a repurchase right) or other changes in the vesting provisions or other terms of such agreement or understanding upon the occurrence of any event or combination of events, including without limitation in the case where the Company's Stock Plan is not assumed in an acquisition. The Company has never adjusted or amended the exercise price of any stock options previously awarded, whether through amendment, cancellation, replacement grant, repricing, or any other means. Except as set forth in the Restated Certificate, the Company has no
23 Note that the amendments to Rule 506 effective September 23, 2013 added additional requirements for offerings made in reliance on the exception from registration provided by Rule 506. Those include the absence of "bad actors" and, for offerings involving general solicitation under Rule 506(c), the taking by the issuer of reasonable steps to confirm each purchaser's accredited investor status. Accordingly, investors may wish to conduct additional due diligence on these matters with respect to offerings consummated after September 23, 2013

24 Some practitioners prefer to delete this representation if the capitalization table is a separate document.

(continued)

obligation (contingent or otherwise) to purchase or redeem any of its capital stock.

- (e) [409A. The Company believes in good faith that any "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as such term is defined under Section 409A(d)(1) of the Code and the guidance thereunder) under which the Company makes, is obligated to make or promises to make, payments (each, a "409A Plan") complies in all material respects, in both form and operation, with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and the guidance thereunder. To the knowledge of the Company, no payment to be made under any 409A Plan is, or will be, subject to the penalties of Section 409A(a)(1) of the Code.]²⁵
- (f) The Company has obtained valid waivers of any rights by other parties to purchase any of the Shares covered by this Agreement.

2.3 Subsidiaries

.²⁶ The Company does not currently own or control, directly or indirectly, any interest in any other corporation, partnership, trust, joint venture, limited liability company, association, or other business entity. The Company is not a participant in any joint venture, partnership or similar arrangement.

2.4 Authorization

.²⁷ All corporate action required to be taken by the Company's Board of Directors and stockholders in order to authorize the Company to enter into the Transaction Agreements, and to issue the Shares at the Closing and the Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Shares, has been taken or will be taken prior to the Closing. All action on the part of the officers of the Company necessary for the

25 It should be noted that the consensus among the NVCA drafting group was that the 409A issues are better dealt with as a diligence item, rather than a company rep. Nevertheless, this rep is included here because it is in any case important that the issue be surfaced as part of the financing, to ensure that the company is mindful of the obligations and potential penalties imposed by 409A as it makes future equity grants. Inserting the rep in the first draft, as a discussion item, is one way to ensure that the issue is not neglected.

26 The purpose of this representation is to require the Company to fully disclose its structure, including other corporations, if any, that it controls. If the Company does have subsidiaries, you should (i) add to Section 2.2(f) a representation with respect to the subsidiaries of the Company modeled after Section 2.1 regarding the organization, good standing and qualification of each such subsidiary, and (ii) add a reference to subsidiaries where appropriate in Section 2. Some formulations include subsidiaries in the definition of the Company, this approach works if careful attention is given to representations where the effect of such inclusion requires additional language (for example, the representation in Section 2.2 would require either the exclusion of subsidiaries or a separate paragraph regarding the capitalization of subsidiaries).

27 In certain jurisdictions, ancillary agreements executed in connection with the financing, such as noncompetition provisions or voting agreements, may be subject to some question regarding their enforceability, and the representation should be modified accordingly.

(continued)

execution and delivery of the Transaction Agreements, the performance of all obligations of the Company under the Transaction Agreements to be performed as of the Closing, and the issuance and delivery of the Shares has been taken or will be taken prior to the Closing. The Transaction Agreements, when executed and delivered by the Company, shall constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their respective terms except (i) as limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance, or other laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally, (ii) as limited by laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief, or other equitable remedies, or (iii) to the extent the indemnification provisions contained in the Investors' Rights Agreement and the Indemnification Agreement may be limited by applicable federal or state securities laws.

2.5 <u>Valid Issuance of Shares</u>

.28 The Shares, when issued, sold and delivered in accordance with the terms and for the consideration set forth in this Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of restrictions on transfer other than restrictions on transfer under the Transaction Agreements, applicable state and federal securities laws and liens or encumbrances created by or imposed by a Purchaser. Assuming the accuracy of the representations of the Purchasers in Section 3 of this Agreement and subject to the filings described in the Voting Agreement, the Shares will be issued in compliance with all applicable federal and state securities laws. The Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Shares has been duly reserved for issuance, and upon issuance in accordance with the terms of the Restated Certificate, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of restrictions on transfer other than restrictions on transfer under the Transaction Agreements, applicable federal and state securities laws and liens or encumbrances created by or imposed by a Purchaser. Based in part upon the representations of the Purchasers in Section 3 of this Agreement and in the Voting Agreement, the Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Shares will be issued in compliance with all applicable federal and state securities laws.

2.6 Governmental Consents and Filings

. Assuming the accuracy of the representations made by the Purchasers in <u>Section 3</u> of this Agreement, no consent, approval, order or authorization of, or registration, qualification, designation, declaration or filing with, any federal, state or local governmental authority is required on the part of the Company in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except for (i) the filing of the Restated Certificate, which will have been filed as of the Initial Closing, and (ii) filings pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Act, and applicable state securities laws, which have been made or will be made in a timely manner.

2.7 Litigation

28 The representations in Sections 2.4 and 2.5 are intended to ensure that the Company has taken all steps necessary to issue the preferred stock in accordance with applicable corporate law. This means that, before the closing, the Company must (A) obtain the requisite stockholder and board approvals to amend the Certificate of Incorporation and issue the stock; (B) file the Restated Certificate; and (C) obtain any other stockholder consents or waivers required pursuant to the Restated Certificate, Bylaws, and existing agreements with securityholders (most importantly, waivers to any existing rights of first offer or refusal). Section 2.5 also requires the Company to disclose any restrictions on transfer other than those contained in the Transaction Agreements (such as any contained in the Restated Certificate and Bylaws, or any preemptive rights contained in agreements with other securityholders).

(continued)

.²⁹ There is no claim, action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, complaint, charge or investigation³⁰ pending or to the Company's knowledge, currently threatened [in writing] (i) against the Company or any officer, director or Key Employee of the Company [arising out of their employment or board relationship with the Company][; or] (ii) [to the Company's knowledge,] that questions the validity of the Transaction Agreements or the right of the Company to enter into them, or to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Agreements[; or (iii) to the Company's knowledge, that would reasonably be expected to have, either individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect]. Neither the Company nor, to the Company's knowledge, any of its officers, directors or Key Employees is a party or is named as subject to the provisions of any order, writ, injunction, judgment or decree of any court or government agency or instrumentality (in the case of officers, directors or Key Employees, such as would affect the Company). There is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation by the Company pending or which the Company intends to initiate. The foregoing includes, without limitation, actions, suits, proceedings or investigations pending or threatened in writing (or any basis therefor known to the Company) involving the prior employment of any of the Company's employees, their services provided in connection with the Company's business, any information or techniques allegedly proprietary to any of their former employers or their obligations under any agreements with prior employers.

2.8 <u>Intellectual Property</u>

.³¹ [The Company owns or possesses or [believes it] can acquire on commercially reasonable terms sufficient legal rights to all Company Intellectual Property without any known conflict with, or infringement of, the rights of others, including prior employees or consultants, [or academic or medical institutions] with which any of them may be affiliated now or may have been affiliated in the past.] [To the Company's knowledge,] no product or service marketed or sold (or proposed to be marketed or sold) by the Company violates or will violate any license or infringes or will infringe any intellectual property rights of any other party. Other than with respect to commercially available software products under standard end-user object code license agreements, there are no outstanding options, licenses, agreements, claims, encumbrances or shared ownership interests of any kind relating to the Company Intellectual

29 The litigation representation will often be unqualified in Series A financings. The bracketed materiality qualifiers are more common in later rounds of financings. In subsequent rounds it is no longer appropriate to have the Company make representations regarding directors (as opposed to employees), since directors will include investor representatives.

30 It may be appropriate to include a knowledge qualifier as to investigations since it would be difficult for the Company to know of an investigation unless it had been notified. Some investors nevertheless feel the risk is appropriately borne by the Company.

31 Section 2.8 gives the Purchasers assurances that the Company has the intellectual property rights necessary to conduct its business, or has disclosed its need to acquire further rights. Although Purchasers prefer an unqualified representation, this provision is often heavily negotiated, and may be impossible for the Company to make with certainty for a product in a very early stage of development. Under a common compromise, the Company provides an unqualified representation with respect to everything but patents, on the theory that potential patent conflicts cannot always be uncovered even after reasonable investigation, and that patent conflicts therefore represent an unknown risk that is fairly borne by both parties.

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Property, nor is the Company bound by or a party to any options, licenses or agreements of any kind with respect to the patents, trademarks, service marks, trade names, copyrights, trade secrets, licenses, information, proprietary rights and processes of any other Person. The Company has not received any communications alleging that the Company has violated, or by conducting its business, would violate any of the patents, trademarks, service marks, tradenames, copyrights, trade secrets, mask works or other proprietary rights or processes of any other Person. The Company has obtained and possesses valid licenses to use all of the software programs present on the computers and other software-enabled electronic devices that it owns or leases or that it has otherwise provided to its employees for their use in connection with the Company's business. [To the Company's knowledge,] it will not be necessary to use any inventions of any of its employees or consultants (or Persons it currently intends to hire) made prior to their employment by the Company, including prior employees or consultants, [or academic or medical institutions] with which any of them may be affiliated now or may have been affiliated in the past. Each employee and consultant has assigned to the Company all intellectual property rights he or she owns that are related to the Company's business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted and all intellectual property rights that he, she or it solely or jointly conceived, reduced to practice, developed or made during the period of his, her or its employment or consulting relationship with the Company that (a) relate, at the time of conception, reduction to practice, development, or making of such intellectual property right, to the Company's business as then conducted or as then proposed to be conducted, (b) were developed on any amount of the Company's time or with the use of any of the Company's equipment, supplies, facilities or information or (c) resulted from the performance of services for the Company. Subsection 2.8 of the Disclosure Schedule lists all patents, patent applications, [registered] trademarks, trademark applications, service marks, service mark applications, tradenames, [registered] copyrights, and licenses to and under any of the foregoing, in each case owned by the Company.³² The Company has not embedded any open source, copyleft or community source code in any of its products generally available or in development, including but not limited to any libraries or code licensed under any General Public License, Lesser General Public License or similar license arrangement. 33 For purposes of this Subsection 2.8, the Company shall be deemed to have knowledge of a patent right if the Company has actual knowledge of the patent right or would be found to be on notice of such patent right as determined by reference to United States patent laws. No government funding, facilities of a university, college, other educational institution or research center, or funding from third parties was used in the development of any Company Intellectual Property. No Person who was involved in, or who contributed to, the creation or development of any Company Intellectual Property, has performed services for the government, university, college, or other educational institution or research center in a manner that would affect Company's rights in the Company Intellectual Property.

2.9 Compliance with Other Instruments

. The Company is not in violation or default (i) of any provisions of its Restated Certificate or Bylaws, (ii) of any instrument, judgment, order, writ or decree, (iii) under any note, indenture or mortgage, or (iv) under any lease, agreement, contract or purchase order to which it is a party or by which it is bound that is required to be listed on the Disclosure Schedule, or (v) [to its knowledge,] of any provision of federal or state statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Company, the violation of which would have a Material Adverse Effect. The execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Agreements and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Agreements will

³² Lawyers representing investors may seek to use a broader list of items by requiring "Company Intellectual Property" to be set forth on the Disclosure Schedule. Note however that scheduling things like trade secrets may be challenging for the Company.

(continued)

not result in any such violation or be in conflict with or constitute, with or without the passage of time and giving of notice, either (i) a default under any such provision, instrument, judgment, order, writ, decree, contract or agreement; or (ii) an event which results in the creation of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any assets of the Company or the suspension, revocation, forfeiture, or nonrenewal of any material permit or license applicable to the Company.

2.10 Agreements; Actions

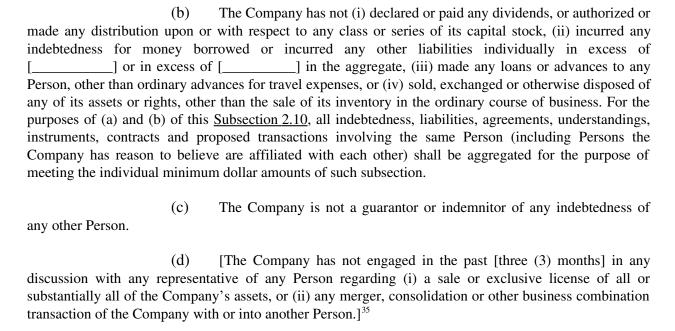
.34

(a) Except for the Transaction Agreements, there are no agreements, understandings, instruments, contracts or proposed transactions to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound that involve (i) obligations (contingent or otherwise) of, or payments to, the Company in excess of [______], (ii) the license of any patent, copyright, trademark, trade secret or other proprietary right to or from the Company, (iii) the grant of rights to manufacture, produce, assemble, license, market, or sell its products to any other Person that limit the Company's exclusive right to

33 This representation regarding non-use of open source software is intended to elicit disclosure of publicly available, third-party source code that the Company has incorporated, or intends to incorporate, into its products. In most cases, the Purchasers should be concerned primarily about use of third-party source code distributed under a license that requires the Company to disclose and distribute its own source code, that grants licensees rights under the Company's patents, or that contains other provisions that relinquish or may compromise the Company's intellectual property rights or commercial prospects. Much publicly available source code is distributed under licenses that permit it to be freely used and redistributed without imposing onerous obligations upon those that use it to develop their own software. Note also that the General Public License ("GPL") and other so-called "viral" open source licenses impose potentially onerous obligations upon licensees only if code distributed under them is incorporated into a product that is actually released to the general public. Some proprietary software companies experiment with code distributed under the GPL during the development process with no intention of retaining GPL code in the products ultimately released to their customers. (This experimentation typically is done in a separate "branch" of the source code of a product in development.) The Company may wish to consider narrowing this representation to include use of third-party source code distributed under any license that imposes specified obligations upon the Company, and perhaps then only if the third party source code has been included in a product that the Company has released. An example of a reduceddisclosure open source representation is as follows: "The Company has not embedded, used or distributed any open source, copyleft or community source code (including but not limited to any libraries or code, software, technologies or other materials that are licensed or distributed under any General Public License, Lesser General Public License or similar license arrangement or other distribution model described by the Open Source Initiative at www.opensource.org, collectively "Open Source Software") in connection with any of its products or services that are generally available or in development in any manner that would materially restrict the ability of the Company to protect its proprietary interests in any such product or service or in any manner that requires, or purports to require (i) any Company IP (other than the Open Source Software itself) be disclosed or distributed in source code form or be licensed for the purpose of making derivative works; (ii) any restriction on the consideration to be charged for the distribution of any Company IP; (iii) the creation of any obligation for the Company with respect to Company IP owned by the Company, or the grant to any third party of any rights or immunities under Company IP owned by the Company; or (iv) any other limitation, restriction or condition on the right of the Company with respect to its use or distribution of any Company IP."

(continued)

develop, manufacture, assemble, distribute, market or sell its products, or (iv) indemnification by the Company with respect to infringements of proprietary rights.



2.11 <u>Certain Transactions</u>

.36

(a) Other than (i) standard employee benefits generally made available to all employees, (ii) standard director and officer indemnification agreements approved by the Board of Directors, and (iii) the purchase of shares of the Company's capital stock and the issuance of options to purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock, in each instance, approved in the written minutes of the Board of Directors (previously provided to the Purchasers or their counsel), there are no agreements, understandings or proposed transactions between the Company and any of its officers, directors, consultants or Key Employees, or any Affiliate thereof.

^{34 &}lt;u>Sections 2.7</u> and <u>2.10</u> requires the Company to disclose material contracts as well as other agreements or arrangements that might be important from a due diligence standpoint regardless of dollar amount (such as intellectual property licenses or a proposed acquisition of the Company). The disclosure thresholds are negotiable.

³⁵ This representation is not standard, but is sometimes requested by investors concerned that the Company might be considering a business combination transaction.

³⁶ This representation requires disclosure of situations which could create a conflict of interest. This is an item of particular concern in the first round of venture capital financing, since loans among the Company and its founders and their families (which may not be well documented) are especially common prior to the first infusion of outside capital.

(continued)

(b) The Company is not indebted, directly or indirectly, to any of its directors, officers or employees or to their respective spouses or children or to any Affiliate of any of the foregoing, other than in connection with expenses or advances of expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business or employee relocation expenses and for other customary employee benefits made generally available to all employees. None of the Company's directors, officers or employees, or any members of their immediate families, or any Affiliate of the foregoing are, directly or indirectly, indebted to the Company[or, [to the Company's knowledge], have any (i) material commercial, industrial, banking, consulting, legal, accounting, charitable or familial relationship with any of the Company's customers, suppliers, service providers, joint venture partners, licensees and competitors, (ii) direct or indirect ownership interest in any firm or corporation with which the Company is affiliated or with which the Company has a business relationship, or any firm or corporation which competes with the Company except that directors, officers, employees or stockholders of the Company may own stock in (but not exceeding two percent (2%) of the outstanding capital stock of) publicly traded companies that may compete with the Company; or (iii) financial interest in any [material] contract with the Company].³⁷

2.12 Rights of Registration and Voting Rights

.38 Except as provided in the Investors' Rights Agreement, the Company is not under any obligation to register under the Securities Act any of its currently outstanding securities or any securities issuable upon exercise or conversion of its currently outstanding securities. To the Company's knowledge, except as contemplated in the Voting Agreement, no stockholder of the Company has entered into any agreements with respect to the voting of capital shares of the Company.

2.13 Property

. The property and assets that the Company owns are free and clear of all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, loans and encumbrances, except for statutory liens for the payment of current taxes that are not yet delinquent and encumbrances and liens that arise in the ordinary course of business and do not materially impair the Company's ownership or use of such property or assets. With respect to the property and assets it leases, the Company is in compliance with such leases and holds a valid leasehold interest free of any liens, claims or encumbrances other than those of the lessors of such property or assets. The Company does not own any real property.

2.14 Financial Statements

37 The bracketed portion of this sentence may be a broader representation than the Company is comfortable giving. In addition, it is appropriate to include directors throughout this section only at the first financing round. In subsequent rounds the directors will include investor representatives, and it should not be incumbent on the Company to make disclosures as to them.

38 Prior registration rights may conflict with those currently being negotiated among the investors and the Company. Therefore, any such rights must be carefully reviewed and any conflicts resolved. It is common to have any previous registration rights agreement amended to include the new investors, or replaced by a new agreement including the old and new investors and clarifying their rights relative to each other as well as the Company. It is preferable to have all registration rights relating to the Company's securities set forth in one document. Having several different sets of rights outstanding can be a significant (and confusing) complication when the Company goes public.

. ³⁹ The Company has delivered to each Purchaser its [unaudited] [audited] financial statements as
of [
statements (including balance sheet, income statement and statement of cash flows) as of [
20_] and for the []-month period ended [
Statements "). The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted
accounting principles ("GAAP") applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods indicated[, except
that the unaudited Financial Statements may not contain all footnotes required by GAAP]. The Financial
Statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition and operating results of the
Company as of the dates, and for the periods, indicated therein, subject in the case of the unaudited
Financial Statements to normal year-end audit adjustments. Except as set forth in the Financial
Statements, the Company has no material liabilities or obligations, contingent or otherwise, other than
(i) liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business subsequent to []; (ii) obligations
under contracts and commitments incurred in the ordinary course of business; and (iii) liabilities and
obligations of a type or nature not required under GAAP to be reflected in the Financial Statements,
which, in all such cases, individually and in the aggregate would not have a Material Adverse Effect. The
Company maintains and will continue to maintain a standard system of accounting established and
administered in accordance with GAAP.
administered in decordance with GTT II.
2.15 <u>Changes</u>
. ⁴⁰ Since [date of most recent financial statements/date of incorporation if no financial statements]
there has not been:
(a) any change in the assets, liabilities, financial condition or operating
results of the Company from that reflected in the Financial Statements, except changes in the ordinary
course of business that have not caused, in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect;
(b) any damage, destruction or loss, whether or not covered by insurance,
that would have a Material Adverse Effect;
(c) any waiver or compromise by the Company of a valuable right or of a
39 For early stage companies without financial statements, it may be appropriate to have an alternative provision,
such as the following: Material Liabilities. The Company has no liability or obligation, absolute or contingent
(individually or in the aggregate), except (i) obligations and liabilities incurred after the date of incorporation in the
ordinary course of business that are not material, individually or in the aggregate, and (ii) obligations under
contracts made in the ordinary course of business that would not be required to be reflected in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP.
prepared in accordance with GAAI.
40 The purpose of this representation is to "bring down" the financial statements from the period covered
thereby. Therefore, the blank in <u>Section 2.14</u> should be filled with the last date covered by the financial
statements provided to the investors, and any of the changes listed in this section must be disclosed on the
Disclosure Schedule. While the itemization in this section serves as a useful due diligence checklist, this
section can be replaced by a much shorter section reading simply, "[To the Company's knowledge], since
[,] there have been no events or circumstances of any kind that have had or could reasonably be
expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect."

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(d) any satisfaction or discharge of any lien, claim, or encumbrance or payment of any obligation by the Company, except in the ordinary course of business and the satisfaction or discharge of which would not have a Material Adverse Effect;
(e) any material change to a material contract or agreement by which the Company or any of its assets is bound or subject;
(f) any material change in any compensation arrangement or agreement with any employee, officer, director or stockholder;
(g) any resignation or termination of employment of any officer or Key Employee of the Company;
(h) any mortgage, pledge, transfer of a security interest in, or lien, created by the Company, with respect to any of its material properties or assets, except liens for taxes not yet due or payable and liens that arise in the ordinary course of business and do not materially impair the Company's ownership or use of such property or assets;
(i) any loans or guarantees made by the Company to or for the benefit of its employees, officers or directors, or any members of their immediate families, other than travel advances and other advances made in the ordinary course of its business;
(j) any declaration, setting aside or payment or other distribution in respect of any of the Company's capital stock, or any direct or indirect redemption, purchase, or other acquisition of any of such stock by the Company;
(k) any sale, assignment or transfer of any Company Intellectual Property that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect;
(1) receipt of notice that there has been a loss of, or material order cancellation by, any major customer of the Company;
(m) [to the Company's knowledge,] any other event or condition of any character, other than events affecting the economy or the Company's industry generally, that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect; or
(n) any arrangement or commitment by the Company to do any of the things described in this <u>Subsection 2.15</u> .
2.16 Employee Matters
(a) As of the date hereof, the Company employs [] full-time employees and [] part-time employees and engages [] consultants or independent contractors. [Subsection 2.15(n) of] the Disclosure Schedule sets forth a detailed description of all

compensation, including salary, bonus, severance obligations and deferred compensation paid or payab
for each officer, employee, consultant and independent contractor of the Company who receive
compensation in excess of \$[] for the fiscal year ended [, 20_] or is anticipated
receive compensation in excess of \$[] for the fiscal year ending [, 20_]. ⁴¹

- (b) [To the Company's knowledge,] none of its employees is obligated under any contract (including licenses, covenants or commitments of any nature) or other agreement, or subject to any judgment, decree or order of any court or administrative agency, that would materially interfere with such employee's ability to promote the interest of the Company or that would conflict with the Company's business. Neither the execution or delivery of the Transaction Agreements, nor the carrying on of the Company's business by the employees of the Company, nor the conduct of the Company's business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted, will, [to the Company's knowledge,] conflict with or result in a breach of the terms, conditions, or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any contract, covenant or instrument under which any such employee is now obligated.
- (c) The Company is not delinquent in payments to any of its employees, consultants, or independent contractors for any wages, salaries, commissions, bonuses, or other direct compensation for any service performed for it to the date hereof or amounts required to be reimbursed to such employees, consultants or independent contractors. The Company has complied in all material respects with all applicable state and federal equal employment opportunity laws and with other laws related to employment, including those related to wages, hours, worker classification and collective bargaining. The Company has withheld and paid to the appropriate governmental entity or is holding for payment not yet due to such governmental entity all amounts required to be withheld from employees of the Company and is not liable for any arrears of wages, taxes, penalties or other sums for failure to comply with any of the foregoing.
- (d) To the Company's knowledge, no Key Employee intends to terminate employment with the Company or is otherwise likely to become unavailable to continue as a Key Employee. The Company does not have a present intention to terminate the employment of any of the foregoing. The employment of each employee of the Company is terminable at the will of the Company. Except as set forth in Subsection 2.15(n) of the Disclosure Schedule or as required by law, upon termination of the employment of any such employees, no severance or other payments will become due. Except as set forth in Subsection 2.15(n) of the Disclosure Schedule, the Company has no policy, practice, plan or program of paying severance pay or any form of severance compensation in connection with the termination of employment services.
- (e) The Company has not made any representations regarding equity incentives to any officer, employee, director or consultant that are inconsistent with the share amounts and terms set forth in the minutes of meetings of the Company's board of directors.
- (f) Each former Key Employee whose employment was terminated by the Company has entered into an agreement with the Company providing for the full release of any claims against the Company or any related party arising out of such employment.

⁴¹ Many practitioners prefer not to list employee compensation in the Disclosure Schedule, particularly if employees are participating in the round. Even if there is no employee participation, however, employee compensation is a sensitive matter for many companies, and there is always a risk of the Disclosure Schedule inadvertently winding up in the wrong hands.

(continued)

(g) Subsection 2.15(n) of the Disclosure Schedule sets forth each employee benefit plan maintained, established or sponsored by the Company, or which the Company participates in or contributes to, which is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"). The Company has made all required contributions and has no liability to any such employee benefit plan, other than liability for health plan continuation coverage described in Part 6 of Title I(B) of ERISA, and has complied in all material respects with all applicable laws for any such employee benefit plan.

(h) [The Company is not bound by or subject to (and none of its assets or properties is bound by or subject to) any written or oral, express or implied, contract, commitment or arrangement with any labor union, and no labor union has requested or, to the knowledge of the Company, has sought to represent any of the employees, representatives or agents of the Company. There is no strike or other labor dispute involving the Company pending, or to the Company's knowledge, threatened, which could have a Material Adverse Effect, nor is the Company aware of any labor organization activity involving its employees.]

(i) [To the Company's knowledge, none of the Key Employees or directors⁴² of the Company has been (a) subject to voluntary or involuntary petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or any state insolvency law or the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer by a court for his or her business or property; (b) convicted in a criminal proceeding or named as a subject of a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses); (c) subject to any order, judgment or decree (not subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated) of any court of competent jurisdiction permanently or temporarily enjoining him or her from engaging, or otherwise imposing limits or conditions on his or her engagement in any securities, investment advisory, banking, insurance, or other type of business or acting as an officer or director of a public company; or (d) found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated any federal or state securities, commodities, or unfair trade practices law, which such judgment or finding has not been subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated.]

2.17 Tax Returns and Payments

. There are no federal, state, county, local or foreign taxes due and payable by the Company which have not been timely paid. There are no accrued and unpaid federal, state, country, local or foreign taxes of the Company which are due, whether or not assessed or disputed. There have been no examinations or audits of any tax returns or reports by any applicable federal, state, local or foreign governmental agency. The Company has duly and timely filed all federal, state, county, local and foreign tax returns required to have been filed by it and there are in effect no waivers of applicable statutes of limitations with respect to taxes for any year.

2.18 Insurance

.⁴³ The Company has in full force and effect insurance policies concerning such casualties as would be reasonable and customary for companies like the Company.⁴⁴ with extended coverage, sufficient in amount (subject to reasonable deductions) to allow it to replace any of its properties that might be damaged or destroyed.

⁴² See footnote 38 – same point as to investor directors.

(continued)

2.19 Employee Agreements

. Each current and former employee, consultant and officer of the Company has executed an agreement with the Company regarding confidentiality and proprietary information substantially in the form or forms delivered to the counsel for the Purchasers (the "Confidential Information Agreements"). No current or former Key Employee has excluded works or inventions from his or her assignment of inventions pursuant to such Key Employee's Confidential Information Agreement. Each current and former Key Employee has executed a [non-competition and] non-solicitation agreement substantially in the form or forms delivered to counsel for the Purchasers. The Company is not aware that any of its Key Employees is in violation of any agreement covered by this Subsection 2.19.

2.20 Permits

. The Company has all franchises, permits, licenses and any similar authority necessary for the conduct of its business, the lack of which could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. The Company is not in default in any material respect under any of such franchises, permits, licenses or other similar authority.

2.21 Corporate Documents

. The Restated Certificate and Bylaws of the Company are in the form provided to the Purchasers. The copy of the minute books of the Company provided to the Purchasers contains minutes of all meetings of directors and stockholders and all actions by written consent without a meeting by the directors and stockholders since the date of incorporation and accurately reflects in all material respects all actions by the directors (and any committee of directors) and stockholders with respect to all transactions referred to in such minutes.

2.22 [83(b) Elections

. To the Company's knowledge, all elections and notices under Section 83(b) of the Code have been or will be timely filed by all individuals who have acquired unvested shares of the Company's Common Stock.145

2.23 [Real Property Holding Corporation

- .46 The Company is not now and has never been a "United States real property holding corporation" as defined in the Code and any applicable regulations promulgated thereunder. The Company has filed with the Internal Revenue Service all statements, if any, with its United States income
- 43 The investors may negotiate life insurance coverage in favor of the Company for certain founders or other key employees. If such coverage is in effect prior to the closing, it may be appropriate to add to this representation a statement of the covered individuals and amount of coverage for each.
- 44 Add specific coverages if concerned.
- 45 This representation is fairly standard in West Coast venture financing transactions; it is much less common in financings originating on the East Coast.

(continued)

tax returns which are required under such regulations.]

2.24 Environmental and Safety Laws

. Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect [to the best of its knowledge] (a) the Company is and has been in compliance with all Environmental Laws; (b) there has been no release or [to the Company's knowledge] threatened release of any pollutant, contaminant or toxic or hazardous material, substance or waste or petroleum or any fraction thereof (each a "Hazardous Substance"), on, upon, into or from any site currently or heretofore owned, leased or otherwise used by the Company; (c) there have been no Hazardous Substances generated by the Company that have been disposed of or come to rest at any site that has been included in any published U.S. federal, state or local "superfund" site list or any other similar list of hazardous or toxic waste sites published by any governmental authority in the United States; and (d) there are no underground storage tanks located on, no polychlorinated biphenyls ("PCBs") or PCB-containing equipment used or stored on, and no hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended, stored on, any site owned or operated by the Company, except for the storage of hazardous waste in compliance with Environmental Laws. The Company has made available to the Purchasers true and complete copies of all material environmental records, reports, notifications, certificates of need, permits, pending permit applications, correspondence, engineering studies and environmental studies or assessments.

For purposes of this <u>Subsection 2.24</u>, "**Environmental Laws**" means any law, regulation, or other applicable requirement relating to (a) releases or threatened release of Hazardous Substance; (b) pollution or protection of employee health or safety, public health or the environment; or (c) the manufacture, handling, transport, use, treatment, storage, or disposal of Hazardous Substances.

2.25 [Qualified Small Business Stock

.47 As of and immediately following the Closing: (i) the Company will be an eligible corporation

46 This representation is appropriate if there are foreign investors (*i.e.*, nonresident aliens) involved in the financing, since they are subject to the Foreign Investment Real Property Tax Act of 1980 ("**FIRPTA**"). Under FIRPTA, a transfer of an interest in a U.S. Real Property Holding Corporation (a "**USRPHC**") by a foreign investor is subject to tax withholding, notwithstanding the general rule that sales of stock by foreigners are not subject to U.S. taxation. A corporation is USRPHC if more than fifty percent (50%) of its assets consist of U.S. real property. While very few, if any, venture capital investors are USRPHCs, it is customary to provide this representation in order to ensure that any foreign investors will not be subject to tax withholding. Regardless of FIRPTA, if a foreign person or entity is, directly or indirectly, acquiring a ten percent (10%) or greater voting interest in the Company, it must file Form BE-13 with the U.S. Department of Commerce unless an exemption applies.

47 Section 1202 of the Internal Revenue Code provides for a one hundred percent (100%) exclusion (subject to certain limitations) from taxable income of gains recognized on the disposition of certain stock in qualifying corporations that has been held for at least five years. Although investors may ask for such a representation, companies may resist on the theory that the analysis regarding current compliance is complex, and that many elements of the test are outside the Company's control. In any event, compliance with numerous other requirements during the time the investor holds the stock is needed for the investor to qualify for the benefits of Section 1202.

(continued)

as defined in Section 1202(e)(4) of the Code, (ii) the Company will not have made purchases of its own stock described in Code Section 1202(c)(3)(B) during the one (1) year period preceding the Initial Closing, except for purchases that are disregarded for such purposes under Treasury Regulation Section 1.1202-2, and (iii) the Company's aggregate gross assets, as defined by Code Section 1202(d)(2), at no time between its incorporation and through the Initial Closing have exceeded \$50 million, taking into account the assets of any corporations required to be aggregated with the Company in accordance with Code Section 1202(d)(3); provided, however, that in no event shall the Company be liable to the Purchasers or any other party for any damages arising from any subsequently proven or identified error in the Company's determination with respect to the applicability or interpretation of Code Section 1202, unless such determination shall have been given by the Company in a manner either grossly negligent or fraudulent.]

2.26 <u>Disclosure</u>

.⁴⁸ The Company has made available to the Purchasers all the information reasonably available to the Company that the Purchasers have requested for deciding whether to acquire the Shares, including certain of the Company's projections describing its proposed business plan (the "Business Plan"). No representation or warranty of the Company contained in this Agreement, as qualified by the Disclosure Schedule, and no certificate furnished or to be furnished to Purchasers at the Closing contains any untrue statement of a material fact or[, to the Company's knowledge,] omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements contained herein or therein not misleading in light of the circumstances under which they were made. The Business Plan was prepared in good faith; however, the Company does not warrant that it will achieve any results projected in the Business Plan. It is understood that this representation is qualified by the fact that the Company has not delivered to the Purchasers, and has not been requested to deliver, a private placement or similar memorandum or any written disclosure of the types of information customarily furnished to purchasers of securities.

2.27 [Small Business Concern

.⁴⁹ The Company together with its "affiliates" (as that term is defined in Section 121.103 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations ("**CFR**"), is a ["small business concern"]["smaller business"]

48 There is no consensus position on what should be included in the "Disclosure" representation. Purchasers will generally try to obtain an unqualified representation that none of the written information and business plan information provided to them by the Company contains a material misstatement or a materially misleading omission. The Company will generally try to resist such a broad representation, on the basis that a 10b-5 type representation, commonly found in an IPO prospectus, is inappropriate for a private financing in which a prospectus-type due diligence process has not occurred. The language shown represents a compromise position. It is important to note that the investors' right of recovery for a breach of this rep may be broader than under Rule SEC 10b-5, because in order to prevail in a Rule 10b-5 securities fraud action, the purchaser must establish that the seller acted with scienter. That is, a purely innocent misrepresentation normally does not give rise to civil liability under 10b-5. Another issue for a Series A investor to consider is the relative utility of this rep to the Series A investor at this stage, versus the risk of giving such a broad rep to investors in later rounds (who, in a worst case, may be looking for a rep on which to "hang their hat" if they decide they want out of the investment).

(continued)

within the meaning of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "**Small Business Act**"), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including [Section 121.301 of Title 13 of the CFR] [Section 107.710 of Title 13 of the CFR]. The information delivered to each Purchaser that is a licensed Small Business Investment Company (an "**SBIC Purchaser**") on SBA Forms 480, 652 and 1031 delivered in connection herewith is true and complete. The Company is not ineligible for financing by any SBIC Purchaser pursuant to Section 107.720 of the CFR. The Company acknowledges that each SBIC Purchaser is a Federal licensee under the Small Business Act.]

2.28 [Foreign Corrupt Practices Act

. Neither the Company [nor any of its subsidiaries] nor any of [its][their respective] directors, 50 officers, employees or agents have, directly or indirectly, made, offered, promised or authorized any payment or gift of any money or anything of value to or for the benefit of any "foreign official" (as such term is defined in the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended (the "FCPA")), foreign political party or official thereof or candidate for foreign political office for the purpose of (i) influencing any official act or decision of such official, party or candidate, (ii) inducing such official, party or candidate to use his, her or its influence to affect any act or decision of a foreign governmental authority, or (iii) securing any improper advantage, in the case of (i), (ii) and (iii) above in order to assist the Company or any of its affiliates in obtaining or retaining business for or with, or directing business to, any person. Neither the Company [nor any of its subsidiaries] nor any of [its][their respective] directors, officers, employees or agents have made or authorized any bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful payment of funds or received or retained any funds in violation of any law, rule or regulation. The Company further represents that it has maintained, and has caused each of its subsidiaries and affiliates to maintain, systems of internal controls (including, but not limited to, accounting systems, purchasing systems and billing systems) and written policies to ensure compliance with the FCPA or any other applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption law, and to ensure that all books and records of the Company [and its subsidiaries] accurately and fairly reflect, in reasonable detail, all transactions and dispositions of funds and assets. Neither the Company nor[, to the Company's knowledge,] any of its officers, directors or employees are the subject of any allegation, voluntary disclosure, investigation, prosecution or other enforcement action related to the FCPA or any other anticorruption law (collectively, "Enforcement Action").]

2.29 [Data Privacy

. In connection with its collection, storage, transfer (including, without limitation, any transfer across national borders) and/or use of any personally identifiable information from any individuals, including, without limitation, any customers, prospective customers, employees and/or other third parties (collectively "Personal Information"), the Company is and has been[, to the Company's knowledge,] in compliance with all applicable laws in all relevant jurisdictions, the Company's privacy policies and the requirements of any contract or codes of conduct to which the Company is a party. The Company has commercially reasonable physical, technical, organizational and administrative security measures and policies in place to protect all Personal Information collected by it or on its behalf from and against unauthorized access, use and/or disclosure. [To the extent the Company maintains or transmits protected health information, as defined under 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, the Company is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended

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by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, including all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.] The Company is and has been[, to the Company's knowledge,] in compliance in all material respects with all laws relating to data loss, theft and breach of security notification obligations.]

2.30 [Export Control Laws

. The Company has conducted all export transactions in accordance with applicable provisions of United States export control laws and regulations, including the Export Administration Regulations, the International Traffic in Arms Regulations, the regulations administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Treasury Department, and the export control laws and regulations of any other applicable jurisdiction. Without limiting the foregoing: (a) the Company has obtained all export licenses and other approvals, timely filed all required filings and has assigned the appropriate export classifications to all products, in each case as required for its exports of products, software and technologies from the United States and any other applicable jurisdiction; (b) the Company is in compliance with the terms of all applicable export licenses, classifications, filing requirements or other approvals; (c) there are no pending or[, to the knowledge of the Company,] threatened claims against the Company with respect to such exports, classifications, required filings or other approvals; (d) there are no pending investigations related to the Company's exports; and (e) there are no actions, conditions, or circumstances pertaining to the Company's export transactions that would reasonably be expected to give rise to any material future claims.]

2.31 [Preclinical Development and Clinical Trials

.⁵¹ The studies, tests, preclinical development and clinical trials, if any, conducted by or on behalf of the Company are being conducted in all material respects in accordance with experimental protocols, procedures and controls pursuant to accepted professional and scientific standards for products or product candidates comparable to those being developed by the Company and all applicable laws and regulations, including the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and 21 C.F.R. parts 50, 54, 56, 58, 312, and 812. The descriptions of, protocols for, and data and other results of, the studies, tests, development and trials conducted by or on behalf of the Company that have been furnished or made available to the Purchasers are accurate and complete. The Company is not aware of any studies, tests, development or trials the results of which reasonably call into question the results of the studies, tests, development and trials conducted by or on behalf of the Company, and the Company has not received any notices or correspondence from the FDA or any other Governmental Entity or any Institutional Review Board or comparable authority requiring the termination, suspension or material modification of any studies, tests, preclinical development or clinical trials conducted by or on behalf of the Company.]

2.32 [FDA Approvals

. The Company possesses all permits, licenses, registrations, certificates, authorizations, orders and approvals from the appropriate federal, state or foreign regulatory authorities necessary to conduct its business [as now conducted], including all such permits, licenses, registrations, certificates, authorizations, orders and approvals required by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") or any

⁵¹ For life science transactions, consider adding the representations and warranties in this <u>Section 2.31</u> pertaining to clinical trials and in <u>Section 2.32 and 2.33</u> pertaining to FDA approval. These can be customized to development stage of the Company.

(continued)

other federal, state or foreign agencies or bodies engaged in the regulation of drugs, pharmaceuticals, medical devices or biohazardous materials. The Company has not received any notice of proceedings relating to the suspension, modification, revocation or cancellation of any such permit, license, registration, certificate, authorization, order or approval. Neither the Company nor, to the Company's knowledge, any officer, employee or agent of the Company has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct that has previously caused or would reasonably be expected to result in (A) disqualification or debarment by the FDA under 21 U.S.C. Sections 335(a) or (b), or any similar law, rule or regulation of any other Governmental Entities, (B) debarment, suspension, or exclusion under any Federal Healthcare Programs or by the General Services Administration, or (C) exclusion under 42 U.S.C. Section 1320a-7 or any similar law, rule or regulation of any Governmental Entities. Neither the Company nor any of its officers, employees, or to the Knowledge of seller, any of its contractors or agents is the subject of any pending or threatened investigation by FDA pursuant to its "Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities" policy as stated at 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) (the "FDA Application Integrity Policy") and any amendments thereto, or by any other similar Governmental Entity pursuant to any similar policy. Neither the Company nor any of its officers, employees, contractors, and agents has committed any act, made any statement or failed to make any statement that would reasonably be expected to provide a basis for FDA to invoke the FDA Application Integrity Policy or for any similar governmental entity to invoke a similar policy. Neither the Company nor any of its officers, employees, or to the Company's Knowledge, any of its contractors or agents has made any materially false statements on, or material omissions from, any notifications, applications, approvals, reports and other submissions to FDA or any similar governmental entity.]

2.33 [FDA Regulation

. The Company is and has been in compliance with all applicable laws administered or issued by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") or any similar governmental entity, including the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and all other Laws regarding developing, testing, manufacturing, marketing, distributing or promoting the products of the Company, or complaint handling or adverse event reporting.]

[See ADDENDUM at end of this document with sample Founders Representations and Warranties.]⁵²

3. Representations and Warranties of the Purchasers

.53 Each Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company, severally and not jointly, that:

3.1 <u>Authorization</u>

52 Founders' representations are controversial and may elicit significant resistance as they are found in a minority of venture deals. They are more likely to appear if Founders are receiving liquidity from the transaction, or if there is heightened concern over intellectual property (*e.g.*, the Company is a spin-out from an academic institution or the Founder was formerly with another company whose business could be deemed competitive with the Company), or in international deals. Founders' representations are even less common in subsequent rounds, where risk is viewed as significantly diminished and fairly shared by the investors, rather than being disproportionately borne by the Founders. A sample set of Founders Representations is attached as an Addendum at the end of this Model Stock Purchase Agreement.

(continued)

. The Purchaser has full power and authority to enter into the Transaction Agreements. The Transaction Agreements to which the Purchaser is a party, when executed and delivered by the Purchaser, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Purchaser, enforceable in accordance with their terms, except (a) as limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance and any other laws of general application affecting enforcement of creditors' rights generally, and as limited by laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies, or (b) to the extent the indemnification provisions contained in the Investors' Rights Agreement may be limited by applicable federal or state securities laws.

3.2 Purchase Entirely for Own Account

.54 This Agreement is made with the Purchaser in reliance upon the Purchaser's representation to the Company, which by the Purchaser's execution of this Agreement, the Purchaser hereby confirms, that the Shares to be acquired by the Purchaser will be acquired for investment for the Purchaser's own account, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to the resale or distribution of any part thereof, and that the Purchaser has no present intention of selling, granting any participation in, or otherwise distributing the same. By executing this Agreement, the Purchaser further represents that the Purchaser does not presently have any contract, undertaking, agreement or arrangement with any Person to sell, transfer or grant participations to such Person or to any third Person, with respect to any of the Shares. The Purchaser has not been formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the Shares.

3.3 <u>Disclosure of Information</u>

. The Purchaser has had an opportunity to discuss the Company's business, management, financial affairs and the terms and conditions of the offering of the Shares with the Company's management and has had an opportunity to review the Company's facilities. The foregoing, however, does not limit or modify the representations and warranties of the Company in Section 2 of this Agreement or the right of the Purchasers to rely thereon.

3.4 Restricted Securities

. The Purchaser understands that the Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act, by reason of a specific exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act which depends upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the investment intent and the accuracy of the Purchaser's representations as expressed herein. The Purchaser understands that the Shares are "restricted securities" under applicable U.S. federal and state securities laws and that, pursuant to these laws, the Purchaser must hold the Shares indefinitely unless they are registered with the Securities and Exchange

54 Occasionally, a venture capital fund will allow its employees and principals to co-invest through a special entity as a nominee. Assuming these employees and principals meet the accreditation or sophistication standards necessary for the private placement exemption being relied on, and assuming the special purpose entity is not formed solely for the purpose of this investment, the language of this provision can be tailored to carve out that special entity.

⁵³ The main purpose of the Purchasers' representations and warranties in <u>Section 3</u> are to ensure that the investors meet the criteria for private placement exceptions under applicable state and federal securities laws.

(continued)

3.5 No Public Market

. The Purchaser understands that no public market now exists for the Shares, and that the Company has made no assurances that a public market will ever exist for the Shares.

3.6 <u>Legends</u>

. The Purchaser understands that the Shares and any securities issued in respect of or exchange for the Shares, may be notated with one or all of the following legends:

"THE SHARES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AND HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED FOR INVESTMENT AND NOT WITH A VIEW TO, OR IN CONNECTION WITH, THE SALE OR DISTRIBUTION THEREOF. NO SUCH TRANSFER MAY BE EFFECTED WITHOUT AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATED THERETO OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL IN A FORM SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933."

- (a) Any legend set forth in, or required by, the other Transaction Agreements.
- (b) Any legend required by the securities laws of any state to the extent such laws are applicable to the Shares represented by the certificate, instrument, or book entry so legended.

3.7 <u>Accredited Investor</u>

. The Purchaser is an accredited investor as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act.

3.8 Foreign Investors

. If the Purchaser is not a United States person (as defined by Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code), the Purchaser hereby represents that it has satisfied itself as to the full observance of the laws of its

⁵⁵ Include the bracketed language if the private placement exemption is based on the safe harbor in Rule 155(c) under the Securities Act for private offerings following an abandoned public offering.

(continued)

jurisdiction in connection with any invitation to subscribe for the Shares or any use of this Agreement, including (i) the legal requirements within its jurisdiction for the purchase of the Shares, (ii) any foreign exchange restrictions applicable to such purchase, (iii) any governmental or other consents that may need to be obtained, and (iv) the income tax and other tax consequences, if any, that may be relevant to the purchase, holding, redemption, sale, or transfer of the Shares. The Purchaser's subscription and payment for and continued beneficial ownership of the Shares will not violate any applicable securities or other laws of the Purchaser's jurisdiction.

3.9 No General Solicitation

. Neither the Purchaser, nor any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders or partners has either directly or indirectly, including, through a broker or finder (a) engaged in any general solicitation, or (b) published any advertisement in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares.⁵⁶

3.10 Exculpation Among Purchasers

. The Purchaser acknowledges that it is not relying upon any Person, other than the Company and its officers and directors, in making its investment or decision to invest in the Company. [The Purchaser agrees that neither any Purchaser nor the respective controlling Persons, officers, directors, partners, agents, or employees of any Purchaser shall be liable to any other Purchaser for any action heretofore taken or omitted to be taken by any of them in connection with the purchase of the Shares.]⁵⁷

3.11 Residence

. If the Purchaser is an individual, then the Purchaser resides in the state or province identified in the address of the Purchaser set forth on <u>EXHIBIT</u>; if the Purchaser is a partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity, then the office or offices of the Purchaser in which its principal place of business is identified in the address or addresses of the Purchaser set forth on EXHIBIT.

3.12 [Consent to Promissory Note Conversion and Termination

. Each Purchaser, to the extent that such Purchaser, as set forth on the Schedule of Purchasers, is a holder of any promissory note of the Company being converted and/or cancelled in consideration of the issuance hereunder of Shares to such Purchaser, hereby agrees that the entire amount owed to such Purchaser under such note is being tendered to the Company in exchange for the applicable Shares set forth on the Schedule of Purchasers, and effective upon the Company's and such Purchaser's execution and delivery of this Agreement, without any further action required by the Company or such Purchaser, such note and all obligations set forth therein shall be immediately deemed repaid in full and terminated in their entirety,

56 In September 2012 and pursuant to the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act (the "**JOBS Act**"), the SEC proposed new rules amending Rule 506 of Regulation D and Rule 144A which would provide that the Rule 502(c) prohibition against general solicitation and general advertising would not apply to offers and sales of securities made pursuant to Rule 506 where all purchasers of the securities are accredited investors. Until these rules are finalized, any disclosures made under <u>Section 3.9</u> in reliance on the JOBS Act should be carefully scrutinized by counsel.

57 This provision is intended to protect the lead investor from claims of reliance by other investors.

(continued)

including, but not limited to, any security interest effected therein.⁵⁸]

4. <u>Conditions to the Purchasers' Obligations at Closing</u>

.⁵⁹ The obligations of each Purchaser to purchase Shares at the Initial Closing [or any subsequent Closing] are subject to the fulfillment, on or before such Closing, of each of the following conditions, unless otherwise waived:

4.1 Representations and Warranties

. The representations and warranties of the Company contained in <u>Section 2</u> [and the representations and warranties of the Founders in <u>Section 3</u>] shall be true and correct in all respects as of such Closing.

4.2 Performance

. The Company shall have performed and complied with all covenants, agreements, obligations and conditions contained in this Agreement that are required to be performed or complied with by the Company on or before such Closing.

4.3 <u>Compliance Certificate</u>

. The President of the Company shall deliver to the Purchasers at such Closing a certificate certifying that the conditions specified in <u>Subsections 4.1</u> and <u>4.2</u> have been fulfilled.

58 This eliminates any issues resulting from possible miscalculation of the amount owed to investor noteholders (miscalculations that can result from, for example, application of conversion discounts).

59 Section 4 contains the conditions which the Company must satisfy (or which must be waived) prior to closing in order to trigger the investors' obligation to purchase the shares; Section 5 contains the conditions the investors must satisfy to trigger the Company's obligation to sell the shares. With respect to each side, the essential requirements are (A) that all of the representations and warranties each makes in the Agreement are still true at the closing, and (B) that the other parties have entered into the other Transaction Agreements. If (as is typically the case) the Agreement contemplates a simultaneous signing and closing, consider deleting Sections 4.1 - 4.4, 4.6, 4.13, 4.14 and 4.17 (which, for the most part, can be covered by the representations in Section 2), and recasting the other subsections of Section 4 as closing deliverables. If the Agreement contemplates multiple closings, attention should be given to determining what conditions must be satisfied in order to trigger the investors' obligations to purchase shares at subsequent closings. Sections 4.3 and 4.5 specifically require the Company to deliver at the Closing a Compliance Certificate and opinion of Company Counsel. In addition, it is generally necessary to deliver at the Closing (A) a Secretary's certificate certifying the Company's bylaws, board resolutions approving the transaction, and stockholder resolutions approving the Restated Certificate, (B) good standing certificates from the Secretary of State, (C) the certified Restated Certificate, and (D) waivers of any rights of first refusal triggered by the financing. These documents are therefore listed as "Closing Documents" on transaction checklists even though they are not specifically required to be delivered by the Agreement and are technically covered by the Compliance Certificate and the opinion of the Company's counsel. If the transaction is structured as a simultaneous signing and closing, the closing conditions serve as a convenient closing checklist, but are significantly diminished in importance.

If there are to be subsequent closings, consider whether all of the closing conditions applicable to the Initial Closing should be applicable to the subsequent closing. It may be appropriate to include a separate, more limited set of closing conditions for a subsequent closing.

(continued)

4.4 Qualifications

. All authorizations, approvals or permits, if any, of any governmental authority or regulatory body of the United States or of any state that are required in connection with the lawful issuance and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement shall be obtained and effective as of such Closing.

4.5 Opinion of Company Counsel

. The Purchasers shall have received from [______], counsel for the Company, an opinion, dated as of the Initial Closing, in substantially the form of *EXHIBIT* attached to this Agreement.

4.6 Board of Directors

. As of the Initial Closing, the authorized size of the Board shall be $[___]$, and the Board shall be comprised of $[___]$.

4.7 <u>Indemnification Agreement</u>

. The Company shall have executed and delivered the Indemnification Agreements.

4.8 <u>Investors' Rights Agreement</u>

. The Company and each Purchaser (other than the Purchaser relying upon this condition to excuse such Purchaser's performance hereunder) [and the other stockholders of the Company named as parties thereto] shall have executed and delivered the Investors' Rights Agreement.

4.9 Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement

. The Company, each Purchaser (other than the Purchaser relying upon this condition to excuse such Purchaser's performance hereunder), and the other stockholders of the Company named as parties thereto shall have executed and delivered the Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement.

4.10 <u>Voting Agreement</u>

. The Company, each Purchaser (other than the Purchaser relying upon this condition to excuse such Purchaser's performance hereunder), and the other stockholders of the Company named as parties thereto shall have executed and delivered the Voting Agreement.

4.11 Restated Certificate

. The Company shall have filed the Restated Certificate with the Secretary of State of Delaware on or prior to the Closing, which shall continue to be in full force and effect as of the Closing.

4.12 <u>Secretary's Certificate</u>

60 If this section is used, the Company must take the actions necessary to elect the agreed-upon Board of Directors.

(continued)

. The Secretary of the Company shall have delivered to the Purchasers at the Closing a certificate certifying (i) the Bylaws of the Company, (ii) resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company approving the Transaction Agreements and the transactions contemplated under the Transaction Agreements, and (iii) resolutions of the stockholders of the Company approving the Restated Certificate.

4.13 Proceedings and Documents

. All corporate and other proceedings in connection with the transactions contemplated at the Closing and all documents incident thereto shall be reasonably satisfactory in form and substance to each Purchaser, and each Purchaser (or its counsel) shall have received all such counterpart original and certified or other copies of such documents as reasonably requested. Such documents may include good standing certificates.

4.14 <u>Minimum Number of Shares at Initial Closing</u>

. A minimum of [_____] Shares must be sold at the Initial Closing. 61

4.15 Management Rights

.62 A Management Rights Letter shall have been executed by the Company and delivered to each Purchaser to whom it is addressed.

4.16 [SBA Matters

. The Company shall have executed and delivered to each SBIC Purchaser a Size Status Declaration on SBA Form 280 and an Assurance of Compliance on SBA Form 652, and shall have provided to each such Purchaser information necessary for the preparation of a Portfolio Financing Report on SBA Form 1031.]

4.17 [Preemptive Rights

. The Company shall have fully satisfied (including with respect to rights of timely notification) or obtained enforceable waivers in respect of any preemptive or similar rights directly or indirectly affecting any of its securities.]

5. <u>Conditions of the Company's Obligations at Closing</u>

. The obligations of the Company to sell Shares to the Purchasers at the Initial Closing [or any subsequent Closing] are subject to the fulfillment, on or before the Closing, of each of the following conditions, unless otherwise waived:

5.1 <u>Representations and Warranties</u>

. The representations and warranties of each Purchaser contained in <u>Section 3</u> shall be

61 Sometimes the term sheet will specify that a minimum number of Shares must be sold at the Initial Closing. This also may be expressed as a minimum aggregate amount to be raised at the Initial Closing.

62 See explanatory commentary in introduction to model Management Rights Letter.

(continued)

true and correct in all respects as of such Closing.

5.2 Performance

. The Purchasers shall have performed and complied with all covenants, agreements, obligations and conditions contained in this Agreement that are required to be performed or complied with by them on or before such Closing.

5.3 Qualifications

. All authorizations, approvals or permits, if any, of any governmental authority or regulatory body of the United States or of any state that are required in connection with the lawful issuance and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement shall be obtained and effective as of the Closing.

5.4 <u>Investors' Rights Agreement</u>

. Each Purchaser shall have executed and delivered the Investors' Rights Agreement.

5.5 Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement

. Each Purchaser and the other stockholders of the Company named as parties thereto shall have executed and delivered the Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement

5.6 <u>Voting Agreement</u>

. Each Purchaser and the other stockholders of the Company named as parties thereto shall have executed and delivered the Voting Agreement.

5.7 [Minimum Number of Shares at Initial Closing

. A minimum of [_____] Shares must be sold at the Initial Closing.]

6. Miscellaneous

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6.1 Survival of Warranties

. Unless otherwise set forth in this Agreement, the representations and warranties of the Company[, the Founders] and the Purchasers contained in or made pursuant to this Agreement shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Closing and shall in no way be affected by any investigation or knowledge of the subject matter thereof made by or on behalf of the Purchasers or the Company. 63

⁶³ Sometimes a limited survival period is negotiated.

(continued)

6.2 Successors and Assigns

. The terms and conditions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the respective successors and assigns of the parties. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer upon any party other than the parties hereto or their respective successors and assigns any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities under or by reason of this Agreement, except as expressly provided in this Agreement.⁶⁴

6.3 Governing Law

. This Agreement shall be governed by the internal law of [the State of Delaware],⁶⁵ without regard to conflict of law principles that would result in the application of any law other than the law of the [State of Delaware].

6.4 <u>Counterparts</u>

. Im Counterparts may be delivered via facsimile, electronic mail (including pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, *e.g.*, www.docusign.com) or other transmission method and any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

6.5 Titles and Subtitles

. The titles and subtitles used in this Agreement are used for convenience only and are not to be considered in construing or interpreting this Agreement.

64 If the investment is tranched, as is the case with many life science transactions, pursuant to ASC 480 auditors may treat the tranche as an option that has to be independently valued from the shares if they believe the right to participate in the tranche can be separated from the shares (i.e. the investor would keep the shares but "sell" the right to participate in a future tranche to an affiliated third party). While this is not the intent of this provision, to avoid any ambiguity this provision can be modified as follows to make it clear that if the shares are transferred the obligation to invest in the subsequent tranche goes along with the transferred shares: "Successors and Assigns. This Agreement, and the rights and obligations of each Purchaser hereunder, may be assigned by such Purchaser only to (a) any person or entity to which Shares are transferred by such Purchaser, or (b) any Affiliate of such Purchaser, and, in each case, such transferee shall be deemed a "Purchaser" for purposes of this Agreement; provided that each such assignment of rights shall be contingent upon the transferee providing a written instrument to the Company notifying the Company of such transfer and assignment and agreeing in writing to be bound by the terms of this Agreement. The Company may not assign its rights under this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer upon any party other than the parties hereto or their respective successors and assigns any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities under or by reason of this Agreement, except as expressly provided in this Agreement."

65 Some practitioners may select Delaware law as it has historically been the richest source for corporation law precedent. Other practitioners will prefer to choose the (non-Delaware) jurisdiction in which they are admitted to practice, if for no other reason than not having to retain Delaware counsel in the event they are called upon to give an enforceability opinion.

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6.6 Notices

. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon the earlier of actual receipt, or (a) personal delivery to the party to be notified, (b) when sent, if sent by electronic mail or facsimile during normal business hours of the recipient, and if not sent during normal business hours, then on the recipient's next business day, (c) five (5) days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) business day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, freight prepaid, specifying next business day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent to the respective parties at their address as set forth on the signature page or <u>EXHIBIT</u>, or to such e-mail address, facsimile number or address as subsequently modified by written notice given in accordance with this <u>Subsection 6.6.</u> If notice is given to the Company, a copy shall also be sent to [*Company Counsel Name and Address*] and if notice is given to the Purchasers, a copy shall also be given to [*Purchaser Counsel Name and Address*].

6.7 No Finder's Fees

.66 Each party represents that it neither is nor will be obligated for any finder's fee or commission in connection with this transaction. Each Purchaser agrees to indemnify and to hold harmless the Company from any liability for any commission or compensation in the nature of a finder's or broker's fee arising out of this transaction (and the costs and expenses of defending against such liability or asserted liability) for which each Purchaser or any of its officers, employees or representatives is responsible. The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Purchaser from any liability for any commission or compensation in the nature of a finder's or broker's fee arising out of this transaction (and the costs and expenses of defending against such liability or asserted liability) for which the Company or any of its officers, employees or representatives is responsible.

6.8 <u>Fees and Expenses</u>

. At the Closing, the Company shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of $[__]$, the counsel for [name of lead Purchaser⁶⁷], in an amount not to exceed, in the aggregate, $[_]$.

6.9 [Attorneys' Fees

. If any action at law or in equity (including, arbitration) is necessary to enforce or interpret the terms of any of the Transaction Agreements, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and necessary disbursements in addition to any other relief to which such party may be entitled.]

6.10 Amendments and Waivers

66 This provision may need to be modified to fit the facts of a particular transaction.

67 Typically, only the lead Purchaser is actually represented by counsel, with the other Purchasers relying on the lead Purchaser having conducted due diligence and hired legal counsel. Occasionally, counsel will represent the Purchasers as a group, or one or more of the other Purchasers will have separate counsel, in which case this provision will need to be tailored accordingly.

(continued)

.68 Except as set forth in <u>Subsection 1.3(a)</u> of this Agreement, any term of this Agreement may be amended, terminated or waived only with the written consent of the Company and [(i)] the holders of at least [*specify percentage*] of the then-outstanding Shares[, or (ii) for an amendment, termination or waiver effected prior to the Initial Closing, Purchasers obligated to purchase [*specify percentage*] of the Shares to be issued at the Initial Closing]⁶⁹. Any amendment or waiver effected in accordance with this <u>Subsection 6.10</u> shall be binding upon the Purchasers and each transferee of the Shares (or the Common Stock issuable upon conversion thereof), each future holder of all such securities, and the Company.

6.11 Severability

. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision hereof shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision.

6.12 <u>Delays or Omissions</u>

. No delay or omission to exercise any right, power or remedy accruing to any party under this Agreement, upon any breach or default of any other party under this Agreement, shall impair any such right, power or remedy of such non-breaching or non-defaulting party nor shall it be construed to be a waiver of any such breach or default, or an acquiescence therein, or of or in any similar breach or default thereafter occurring; nor shall any waiver of any single breach or default be deemed a waiver of any other breach or default theretofore or thereafter occurring. Any waiver, permit, consent or approval of any kind or character on the part of any party of any breach or default under this Agreement, or any waiver on the part of any party of any provisions or conditions of this Agreement, must be in writing and shall be effective only to the extent specifically set forth in such writing. All remedies, either under this Agreement or by law or otherwise afforded to any party, shall be cumulative and not alternative.

6.13 Entire Agreement

. This Agreement (including the Exhibits hereto), the Restated Certificate and the other Transaction Agreements constitute the full and entire understanding and agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and any other written or oral agreement relating to the subject matter hereof existing between the parties are expressly canceled.

6.14 [Corporate Securities Law

.70 THE SALE OF THE SECURITIES WHICH ARE THE SUBJECT OF THIS

68 This provision may need to be tailored if there are to be Milestone Closings to permit or prevent, as appropriate, a majority from waiving or changing the agreed-upon milestones and related conditions. In addition, if Founder's representations are included, this provision may need to give the Founder protection against adverse amendments.

69 This clause is only necessary where the transaction is structured to be signed in advance of closing.

70 <u>Section 6.14</u> is to be used for transactions governed by California law that are not relying on NSMIA for a state securities law exemption.

(continued)

AGREEMENT HAS NOT BEEN QUALIFIED WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND THE ISSUANCE OF THE SECURITIES OR THE PAYMENT OR RECEIPT OF ANY PART OF THE CONSIDERATION THEREFOR PRIOR TO THE QUALIFICATION IS UNLAWFUL, UNLESS THE SALE OF SECURITIES IS EXEMPT FROM THE QUALIFICATION BY SECTION 25100, 25102 OR 25105 OF THE CALIFORNIA CORPORATIONS CODE. THE RIGHTS OF ALL PARTIES TO THIS AGREEMENT ARE EXPRESSLY CONDITIONED UPON THE QUALIFICATION BEING OBTAINED UNLESS THE SALE IS SO EXEMPT.]

6.15 <u>Termination of Closing Obligations</u>

. Each Purchaser shall have the right to terminate its obligations to complete the [Initial] Closing [or the Second Closing], as the case may be, if prior to the occurrence thereof, any of the following occurs:

- (a) the Company consummates a Deemed Liquidation Event (as defined in the Restated Certificate);
- (b) the closing of an initial public offering of the Company, in which case the Purchasers may terminate their obligations hereunder immediately prior to, or contingent upon, such closing; or
- trustee, custodian or liquidator of itself or substantially all of its property, (ii) becomes subject to the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or liquidator of itself or substantially all of its property, (iii) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, (iv) institutes any proceedings under the United States Bankruptcy Code or any other federal or state bankruptcy, reorganization, receivership, insolvency or other similar law affecting the rights of creditors generally, or files a petition or answer seeking reorganization or an arrangement with creditors to take advantage of any insolvency law, or files an answer admitting the material allegations of a bankruptcy, reorganization or insolvency petition filed against it, or (v) becomes subject to any involuntary proceedings under the United States Bankruptcy Code or any other federal or state bankruptcy, reorganization, receivership, insolvency or other similar law affecting the rights of creditors generally, when proceeding is not dismissed within thirty (30) days of filing, or have an order for relief entered against it in any proceedings under the United States Bankruptcy Code.

6.16 Dispute Resolution

. The parties (a) hereby irrevocably and unconditionally submit to the jurisdiction of the state courts of [state] and to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of [judicial district] for the purpose of any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement, (b) agree not to commence any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement except in the state courts of [state] or the United States District Court for the District of [judicial district], and (c) hereby waive, and agree not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense, or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution, that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that this Agreement or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such court.

(continued)

[WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL: EACH PARTY HEREBY WAIVES ITS RIGHTS TO A JURY TRIAL OF ANY CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION BASED UPON OR ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS, THE SECURITIES OR THE SUBJECT MATTER HEREOF OR THEREOF. THE SCOPE OF THIS WAIVER IS INTENDED TO BE ALL-ENCOMPASSING OF ANY AND ALL DISPUTES THAT MAY BE FILED IN ANY COURT AND THAT RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS TRANSACTION, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CONTRACT CLAIMS, TORT CLAIMS (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), BREACH OF DUTY CLAIMS, AND ALL OTHER COMMON LAW AND STATUTORY CLAIMS. THIS SECTION HAS BEEN FULLY DISCUSSED BY EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO AND THESE PROVISIONS WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY EXCEPTIONS. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY FURTHER WARRANTS AND REPRESENTS THAT SUCH PARTY HAS REVIEWED THIS WAIVER WITH ITS LEGAL COUNSEL, AND THAT SUCH PARTY KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES ITS JURY TRIAL RIGHTS FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH LEGAL COUNSEL]

[Alternative 171: Any unresolved controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement, except as (i) otherwise provided in this Agreement, or (ii) any such controversies or claims arising out of either party's intellectual property rights for which a provisional remedy or equitable relief is sought, shall be submitted to arbitration by one arbitrator mutually agreed upon by the parties, and if no agreement can be reached within thirty (30) days after names of potential arbitrators have been proposed by the American Arbitration Association (the "AAA"), then by one arbitrator having reasonable experience in corporate finance transactions of the type provided for in this Agreement and who is chosen by the AAA. The arbitration shall take place in [location], in accordance with the AAA rules then in effect, and judgment upon any award rendered in such arbitration will be binding and may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. There shall be limited discovery prior to the arbitration hearing as follows: (a) exchange of witness lists and copies of documentary evidence and documents relating to or arising out of the issues to be arbitrated, (b) depositions of all party witnesses, and (c) such other depositions as may be allowed by the arbitrators upon a showing of good cause. Depositions shall be conducted in accordance with the [state] Code of Civil Procedure, the arbitrator shall be required to provide in writing to the parties the basis for the award or order of such arbitrator, and a court reporter shall record all hearings, with such record constituting the official transcript of such proceedings.]

[Each party will bear its own costs in respect of any disputes arising under this Agreement.] [The prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and necessary disbursements in addition to any other relief to which such party may be entitled.] Each of the parties to this Agreement consents to personal jurisdiction for any equitable action sought in the U.S. District Court for the District of [____] or any court of the [State][Commonwealth] of [state] having subject matter jurisdiction.]

[Alternative 2:72

(a) The parties hereto agree that any dispute or controversy arising out of, relating to, or in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby (a "**Dispute**") shall be arbitrated pursuant to the Delaware Rapid Arbitration Act, 10 Del. C § 5801, et seq. (the

⁷¹ Some lawyers prefer to include a binding arbitration provision as the sole means of dispute resolution on the theory that arbitration is confidential and may be less expensive and more efficient. Some investors, however, dislike arbitration because the result cannot be appealed, and the arbitrator(s) is not bound to follow case law and precedent.

(continued)

"DRAA"). The parties agree to take all steps necessary or advisable to submit any Dispute that cannot be resolved by the parties for arbitration under the DRAA (the "Arbitration") in accordance with this Subsection 6.15, and each party represents and warrants that it is not a "consumer" as such term is defined in 6 Del. C. § 2731. By executing this Agreement, (i) each party hereby waives, and acknowledges and agrees that it shall be deemed to have waived, any objection to the application of the procedures set forth in the DRAA, (ii) consents to the procedures set forth in the DRAA, and (iii) acknowledges and agrees that it has chosen freely to waive the matters set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of Section 5803 of the DRAA. In connection therewith, each party understands and agrees that it shall raise no objection to the submission of the Dispute to Arbitration in accordance with this Subsection 6.15 and that it waives any right to lay claim to jurisdiction in any venue and any and all rights to have the Dispute decided by a jury.

(b) The Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the Delaware Rapid Arbitration Rules, as such Rules may be amended or changed from time to time; provided that the parties may agree to depart from the Rules by (i) adopting new or different rules to govern the Arbitration or (ii) modifying or rejecting the application of certain of the Rules.⁷³ To be effective, any departure from the Rules shall require the consent of the Arbitrator and shall be in writing and signed by an authorized representative of each such party.

(c) The Arbitration shall take place in such location as the parties and the

72 This arbitration provision is offered as an alternative to the AAA provision for parties that would prefer to resolve disputes under the Delaware Rapid Arbitration Act. The DRAA implements a number of new approaches in arbitration that make the statute unique among national and international arbitration regimes. First, the Act provides for a truncated "summary" proceeding before the Delaware Court of Chancery to select an arbitrator where such selection was not made in the agreement to arbitrate. By statute, this proceeding must be concluded no more than 30 days after its initiating filing is served, and the jurisdiction of the Court is highly limited. Second, the Act divests the courts of jurisdiction to hear and decide any issue concerning arbitrability or the scope of issues to be arbitrated. Instead, the Act vests the arbitrator, and only the arbitrator, with the power and authority to decide such issues. Thus, the body of law relating to whether an issue presented at the outset is "substantive" or "procedural" does not apply to arbitrations under the Act, and neither party can seek to disrupt the commencement of a DRAA arbitration by running into court. Third, the Act vests the arbitrator with power to enjoin any conduct of a party to the arbitration and divests the courts of power in this regard after an arbitrator is appointed, thus avoiding the need for parallel proceedings to compel or enjoin arbitration. Finally, the Act provides that, absent an agreement otherwise, all matters must be finally determined within 120 days of the arbitrator's acceptance of appointment (which deadline may be extended to 180 days, but no longer, by unanimous consent of the parties). Furthermore, the Act imposes a financial penalty on an arbitrator who does not decide the matter within the allotted timeframe: the forfeiture of the arbitrator's fees. The Act makes challenges to the arbitrator's final award available directly to the Delaware Supreme Court in accordance with the limited standards set forth in the Federal Arbitration Act, eliminating any intermediate level of review. The Act also provides that the parties may waive any right to challenge or appeal the arbitrator's final award by agreement or, where the parties wish to maintain confidentiality or allow more searching review, they may proceed with an arbitral appeal.

73 The parties may elect to use different rules. If different rules are desired, they should be set forth or incorporated by reference into this Subsection (b).

(continued)

Arbitrator may agree.74

(d) The Arbitration shall be presided over by one arbitrator (the "Arbitrator") who shall be [insert name of person]. In the event that [named person] fails to accept appointment as Arbitrator for any reason within five (5) days of being notified of such person's appointment or otherwise becomes unwilling or unable to serve as arbitrator, the parties shall promptly meet and confer to identify a mutually agreeable replacement arbitrator (the "Replacement Arbitrator"). The Replacement Arbitrator shall be [describe qualifications of the Replacement Arbitrator]. In the event that the parties are unable to agree upon the identity of the Replacement Arbitrator within forty-five (45) days of the commencement of the Arbitration, or the Replacement Arbitrator is unable or unwilling to serve, then either party may file a petition with the Court of Chancery pursuant to Section 5805 of the DRAA.⁷⁵

(e) Each of the parties shall, subject to such limitations as the Arbitrator may prescribe, be entitled to collect documents and testimony from each other party, and the Arbitrator shall have the power to administer oaths and compel the production of witnesses and documents. The Arbitrator shall have the power to issue subpoenas and commissions for the taking of documents and testimony from third parties.⁷⁶

(f) The Arbitrator shall conduct the hearing, administer oaths, and make such rulings as are appropriate to the conduct of the proceedings. The Arbitrator shall allow each of the parties an opportunity to present evidence and witnesses and to cross examine witnesses presented by the opposing party.⁷⁷

74 The parties may elect to hold the arbitration in a different location. Note, however, that the "seat" of the arbitration is, by statute, in Delaware. This simply means that Delaware law governs the arbitration, wherever it occurs.

75 The parties may wish to proceed before a panel of arbitrators. In such event, this provision should be changed to reflect the desired number of arbitrators and to state their names or provide the descriptive qualifications.

76 The DRAA empowers the parties to include one, both or neither of the provisions set forth in Subsection (e). If the parties wish to proceed without discovery, neither of the sentences in Subsection (e) would be included. If they wish to proceed with only party discovery, then only the first sentence would be used. The second sentence would be used only where the parties wished to be able to take discovery from third parties. The Act would also permit the taking of only documentary discovery (as opposed to deposition or other testimony) or, alternatively, only oral testimony (as opposed to documents). The Act contemplates that the scope of discovery is customizable in this agreement, so in all events, this issue should be addressed. The statutory default, which would come into play if this provision was not included in some form, would be for the Arbitrator to be empowered to summon party witnesses and evidence, but not third-party evidence or witnesses.

77 The DRAA provides that the agreement may modify or eliminate the foregoing processes. Elimination may be appropriate in circumstances where the parties agree to present a pure issue of law for resolution, or in circumstances where a narrow, technical issue is the subject of the arbitration.

(continued)

(g) The arbitral award (the "**Award**") shall (i) be rendered within [120] days after the Arbitrator's acceptance of his or her appointment;⁷⁸ (ii) be delivered in writing; (iii) state the reasons for the Award;⁷⁹ (iv) be the sole and exclusive final and binding remedy with respect to the Dispute between and among the parties without the possibility of challenge or appeal, which are hereby waived;⁸⁰ and (v) be accompanied by a form of judgment. The Award shall be deemed an award of the United States, the relationship between the parties shall be deemed commercial in nature, and any Dispute arbitrated pursuant to this <u>Subsection 6.15</u> shall be deemed commercial. The Arbitrator shall have the authority to grant any equitable or legal remedies, including, without limitation, entering preliminary or permanent injunctive relief; provided, however, that the Arbitrator shall not have the authority to award (and the parties waive the right to seek an award of) punitive or exemplary damages.⁸¹

(h) The parties hereto agree that, subject to any non-waivable disclosure obligations under federal law, the Arbitration, so and all matters relating thereto or arising thereunder, including, without limitation, the existence of the Dispute, the Arbitration and all of its elements (including any pleadings, briefs or other documents submitted or exchanged, any testimony or other oral submissions, [any third-party discovery proceedings, including any discovery obtained pursuant thereto,] and any decision of the Arbitrator or Award), shall be kept strictly confidential, and each party hereby agrees that such information shall not be disclosed beyond: (i) the Arbitrator and necessary support personnel; (ii) the participants in the Arbitration; (iii) those assisting the parties in the preparation or presentation of the Arbitration; (iv) other employees or agents of the parties with a need to know such information; and (v) any third parties that are subpoenaed or otherwise provide discovery in the Arbitration proceedings, only to the extent necessary to obtain such discovery. In all events, the parties

78 The parties may specify a longer period for the arbitration. If they do not do so, the 120-day period of the DRAA is the default, and such period may be extended by no more than an additional 60 days, and then only upon consent of all parties to the arbitration.

79 A reasoned award is not required by the Act, but may be required by the parties' contract.

80 The DRAA allows the parties to waive the right to appeal. This provision should only be included if the parties intend to waive appellate rights. Subsection (l) below is included in the event that the parties wish to preserve the right to appeal the Arbitrator's award, in which case clause (iv) of Subsection (g) should not be included.

- 81 Under the DRAA, the parties have the right to limit the power of the Arbitrator to award relief. Any such limitation should be specified here, in lieu of the last sentence of this provision.
- 82 This phrase would be included only in the event that one or both parties were subject to federal disclosure obligations which could encompass the Arbitration.
- 83 Eliminate reference to "third party discovery proceedings" in the event that such proceedings were not contracted for in Subsection (e), above.
- 84 Clause (v) would be excluded in the event that third-party discovery was not provided for in

(continued)

[and any third parties] participating in the Arbitration proceedings shall treat information pertaining to the Arbitration with the same care that they treat their most valuable proprietary secrets. In the event that federal law imposes upon either party an obligation to disclose the fact of the Arbitration or the nature of the claims or counterclaims asserted, such party(ies) shall disclose no more than the minimum information required by law after first consulting with and attempting in good faith to reach agreement with the opposing party(-ies) regarding the scope and content of any such required disclosure.

- (i) Each party hereto shall bear its own legal fees and costs in connection with the Arbitration; provided, however, that each such party shall pay one-half of any filing fees, fees and expenses of the Arbitrator or other similar costs incurred by the parties in connection with the prosecution of the Arbitration.⁸⁵
- (j) Notwithstanding any provisions of this Agreement, or any statute protecting the confidentiality of the Arbitration and proceedings taken in connection therewith, in the event that either party in the Arbitration (the "Respondent") is required to defend himself, herself or itself in response to later proceedings instituted by the other in any court, relating to matters decided in the Arbitration, such party shall be relieved of any obligation to hold confidential the Arbitration and its proceedings in order to submit, confidentially if and to the extent possible, sufficient information to such court to allow it to determine whether the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, bar by judgment, or other, similar doctrines apply to such subsequent proceedings.
- (k) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this <u>Subsection 6.15</u>, if any amendment to the Act is enacted after the date of this Agreement, and such amendment would render any provision of this <u>Subsection 6.15</u> unenforceable thereunder, such provision shall be excluded and the remaining provisions of this <u>Subsection 6.15</u> shall be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- (1) [Any challenge to the final award of the Arbitrator shall be brought before the Supreme Court of the State of Delaware within the time frame provided in the DRAA, and pursuant to the Rules of such Court. ⁸⁶] [Alternative A: ⁸⁷ Any challenge to the final award of the Arbitrator shall be made before a panel of three (3) appellate arbitrators, who shall be [insert names or description of

Subsection (e) above.

85 The DRAA permits the parties to direct how costs of the Arbitration are to be borne. Thus, in the event that the parties wish to vary this provision, they should do so here. Such variations could include a "loser pays" provision or an "arbitrator chooses" provision, which is not prohibited by the DRAA.

86 The DRAA permits the parties to waive appellate review, to proceed with a limited review in the Delaware Supreme Court, or to proceed with a private appellate arbitral review. This provision contemplates a review in the Delaware Supreme Court. In the event it is used, the parties should eliminate clause (iv) of Subsection (g).

87 The following is an alternative appellate provision in the event that the parties do not to wish to proceed with an appeal before the Delaware Supreme Court and desire a limited scope of appeal in accordance with the FAA.

(continued)

appellate arbitrators]. ⁸⁸ The appellate panel may only vacate, modify, or correct the final award in conformity with the Federal Arbitration Act. ⁸⁹] [*Alternative B*: ⁹⁰ Any challenge to the final award of the Arbitrator shall be made before a panel of three (3) appellate arbitrators, who shall be [insert names or description of appellate arbitrators]. ⁹¹ The scope of the appeal shall not be limited to the scope of a challenge under the Federal Arbitration Act, but instead shall be the same as any appeal from a judgment in a civil action filed in court.]]

6.17 [No Commitment for Additional Financing

. The Company acknowledges and agrees that no Purchaser has made any representation, undertaking, commitment or agreement to provide or assist the Company in obtaining any financing, investment or other assistance, other than the purchase of the Shares as set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein. In addition, the Company acknowledges and agrees that (i) no statements, whether written or oral, made by any Purchaser or its representatives on or after the date of this Agreement shall create an obligation, commitment or agreement to provide or assist the Company in obtaining any financing or investment, (ii) the Company shall not rely on any such statement by any Purchaser or its representatives, and (iii) an obligation, commitment or agreement to provide or assist the Company in obtaining any financing or investment may only be created by a written agreement, signed by such Purchaser and the Company, setting forth the terms and conditions of such financing or investment and stating that the parties intend for such writing to be a binding obligation or agreement. Each Purchaser shall have the right, in its sole and absolute discretion, to refuse or decline to participate in any other financing of or investment in the Company, and shall have no obligation to assist or cooperate with the Company in obtaining any financing, investment or other assistance.]

6.18 [Waiver of Conflicts

. Each party to this Agreement acknowledges that [insert name of Company counsel], counsel for the Company, has in the past performed and may continue to perform legal services for certain of the Purchasers in matters unrelated to the transactions described in this Agreement, including the representation of such Purchasers in venture capital financings and other matters. Accordingly, each party to this Agreement hereby (a) acknowledges that they have had an opportunity to ask for information relevant to this disclosure; and (b) gives its informed consent to [insert name of Company counsel]'s

88 In the event that the parties wish to have a particular type of arbitrator appointed, they should so specify here. If not, the Court will appoint one or more senior Delaware lawyers.

89 This provision contemplates a scope of challenge to the Arbitrator's final judgment limited to the grounds for review of an arbitral award under the Federal Arbitration Act. Parties who wish a broader scope of review may wish to consider the succeeding alternate provision set forth above.

90 The following is an alternative appellate provision for use in the event that the parties do not to wish to proceed with an appeal before the Delaware Supreme Court and desire that the scope of their appeal be as broad as possible.

91 In the event that the parties wish to have a particular type of arbitrator appointed, they should so specify here. If not, the Court will appoint one or more senior Delaware lawyers.

(continued)

representation of certain of the Purchasers in such unrelated matters and to [insert name of Company counsel]'s representation of the Company in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.] 92

⁹² Some investors prefer to be carved out of this waiver and to address any potential conflicts of interest and possible waivers on a transaction by transaction basis.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Series A Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement as of the date first written above.

COMPANY:	
By:	
Name:	(print)
Title:	
Address:	
[FOUNDERS:	
Signature	
Name:	(print)
Address:	

(Print Name o	f Purchaser)
Ву:	
Name:	(print)
Title:_	
Address:	

EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT -	SCHEDULE OF PURCHASERS
EXHIBIT -	FORM OF AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
[EXHIBIT] -	DISCLOSURE SCHEDULE]
EXHIBIT -	FORM OF INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT
EXHIBIT -	FORM OF INVESTORS' RIGHTS AGREEMENT
EXHIBIT -	FORM OF MANAGEMENT RIGHTS LETTER
Exhibit -	Form of Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement
EXHIBIT -	FORM OF VOTING AGREEMENT
EXHIBIT -	FORM OF LEGAL OPINION OF [COMPANY COUNSEL]

[EXHIBIT - MILESTONE EVENTS]

EXHIBIT A

SCHEDULE OF PURCHASERS

EXHIBIT B

FORM OF AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

EXHIBIT C

DISCLOSURE SCHEDULE

This Schedule of Exceptions is made and given pursuant to Section 2 of the Series A Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of [date] (the "Agreement"), between [Company name] (the "Company") and the Purchasers listed on Schedule A thereto. All capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings as defined in the Agreement, unless otherwise provided. The section numbers below correspond to the section numbers of the representations and warranties in the Agreement; provided, however, that any information disclosed herein under any section number shall be deemed to be disclosed and incorporated into any other section number under the Agreement where such disclosure would be appropriate and such appropriateness is reasonably apparent from the face of such disclosure. Nothing in this Schedule of Exceptions is intended to broaden the scope of any representation or warranty contained in the Agreement or to create any covenant. Inclusion of any item in this Schedule of Exceptions (1) does not represent a determination that such item is material or establish a standard of materiality, (2) does not represent a determination that such item did not arise in the ordinary course of business, (3) does not represent a determination that the transactions contemplated by the Agreement require the consent of third parties, and (4) shall not constitute, or be deemed to be, an admission to any third party concerning such item. This Schedule of Exceptions includes brief descriptions or summaries of certain agreements and instruments, copies of which are available upon reasonable request. Such descriptions do not purport to be comprehensive, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the text of the documents described, true and complete copies of which have been provided to the Purchasers or their respective counsel.

EXHIBIT D

FORM OF INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT E

SIGNATURE PAGE TO STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

FORM OF INVESTORS' RIGHTS AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT F

FORM OF MANAGEMENT RIGHTS LETTER

EXHIBIT G

FORM OF RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL AND CO-SALE AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT H

FORM OF VOTING AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT I

FORM OF LEGAL OPINION OF [COMPANY COUNSEL]

[EXHIBIT J

MILESTONE EVENTS] ADDENDUM TO STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT: SAMPLE FOUNDER REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

- 3. Representations and Warranties of the Founders. Except as set forth on the Disclosure Schedule, each of the Founders, severally and not jointly, represents and warrants to each Purchaser as of the date of the Closing at which such Purchaser is purchasing Shares as follows [(it being understood and agreed that any Founder's liability for breaches of any provisions of this Section 3 shall be limited to the then current fair market value [as determined in good faith by the board of directors of the Company] of the shares of Common Stock of the Company currently owned by such Founder and such Founder [may, in his or her sole discretion, discharge such liability by the surrender of such shares or the payment of cash⁹³] [shall discharge such liability by the surrender of such shares] and will terminate on the earlier of (i) [one (1) year/two (2) years] after the date of this Agreement, or (ii) the completion of an initial public offering of the Company's Common Stock)]:
- 3.1 <u>Conflicting Agreements</u>. Such Founder is not, as a result of the nature of the business now conducted or presently proposed to be conducted by the Company or for any other reason, in violation of (i) any fiduciary or confidential relationship, (ii) any term of any contract or covenant (either with the Company or with another entity) relating to employment, patents, assignment of inventions, confidentiality, proprietary information disclosure, non-competition or non-solicitation, or (iii) any other contract or agreement, or any judgment, decree or order of any court or administrative agency binding on the Founder and relating to or affecting the right of such Founder to be employed by or serve as a director or consultant to the Company. No such relationship, term, contact, agreement, judgment, decree or order conflict with such Founder's obligations to use his or her best efforts to promote the interests of the Company nor does the execution and delivery of this Agreement, nor such Founder's carrying on the Company's business as a director, officer, consultant or Key Employee of the Company, conflict with any such relationship, term, contract, agreement, judgment, decree or order.
- 3.2 <u>Litigation</u>. There is no action, suit or proceeding, or governmental inquiry or investigation, pending or, to such Founder's knowledge, threatened against such Founder, and, to such Founder's knowledge, there is no basis for any such action, suit, proceeding, or governmental inquiry or investigation that would result in a Material Adverse Effect.
- 3.3 <u>Stockholder Agreements</u>. Except as contemplated by or disclosed in the Transaction Agreements, such Founder is not a party to and has no knowledge of any agreements, written or oral, relating to the acquisition, disposition, registration under the Securities Act, or voting of the securities of the Company.
- 3.4 <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. [To such Founder's knowledge,] all of the representations and warranties of the Company set forth in <u>Section 2</u> are true and complete.
- 3.5 <u>Prior Legal Matters</u>. Such Founder has not been (a) subject to voluntary or involuntary petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or any state insolvency law or the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer by a court for his or her business or property; (b) convicted in a criminal
- 93 Investors should consider whether cash is an acceptable remedy; the cash value of the shares is likely to be low, particularly if there has been a breach of a rep or warranty. In addition, if the Investors require the surrender of shares rather than cash, they should also consider whether to include Preferred Stock, as well, if the Founder owns shares of Preferred Stock.

proceeding or named as a subject of a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses); (c) subject to any order, judgment, or decree (not subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated) of any court of competent jurisdiction permanently or temporarily enjoining him or her from engaging, or otherwise imposing limits or conditions on his or her engagement in any securities, investment advisory, banking, insurance, or other type of business or acting as an officer or director of a public company; or (d) found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated any federal or state securities, commodities or unfair trade practices law, which such judgment or finding has not been subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated.