Clave

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Rhythmic concept. The *clave* is the main rhythmic organizing principle in much sacred, folkloric, and popular music throughout the Americas and the Caribbean, similar in function to a sub-Saharan rhythmic timeline, from which it originated. *Claves* are played in duple and compound meters, though felt in duple rhythm. This entry focuses on Cuban *clave* patterns, to which the other *claves* are related. *Clave* patterns determine how dancers move to the music, and how musicians participate in the ensemble.

Below are the main Cuban *clave* types ("X" = stroke, "." = rest). The first set, in duple and compound meter, defines the "rumba complex" of music and dance:

Clave
Guaguancó clave: [[X X X X X]]
Yambú clave: [[X X X X X . X]]
Columbia clave: [[X . X . X X . X . X . X]]
Condensed Columbia clave: [[X . X . X . X . X .]]

The second set, all in duple meter, defines Cuban popular music:

Clave
Son clave: [[X X X X]]
Salsa clave ("3-2"): [[X X X X]]
Salsa clave ("2-3"): [[X.XXX.]]

More on this topic

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